

# THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

VOL. X.—NO. 3.

MOOSE JAW, N. W. T., FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1898.

\$1.50 PER ANNUM.

## UNION BANK OF CANADA.

Capital Subscribed ... \$1,500,000  
Capital Paid Up ... 1,493,300  
Reserve ... 325,000

HEAD OFFICE, - - - QUEBEC.

Andrew Thomson, Esq., ... President.  
Hon. E. J. Price, ... Vice-Pres.  
E. E. Webb, ... General Manager.  
J. G. Billett, ... Inspector.

### BRANCHES.

Alexandria, Ont. Morden, Man.  
Boisbassin, Man. Melita, "  
Carberry, " Moosomin, N.W.T.  
Carmar, " Moose Jaw, "  
Calgary, N.W.T. Norwood, Ont.  
Deloraine, Man. Neepawa, Man.  
Glenboro, " Ottawa, Que.  
Greta, " Quebec, Que.  
Holland, " Quebec (St. Lewis), S.  
Hamiola, " Shelburne, Ont.  
Hastings, Ont. Smith's Falls, Ont.  
Indian Head, N.W.T. Souris, Man.  
Lethbridge, " Toronto, Ont.  
Macleod, " Virdon, Man.  
Merrickville, Ont. Warton, Ont.  
Minnedosa, Man. Winchester, Ont.  
Montreal, Quebec. Winnipeg, Man.

### MOOSE JAW BRANCH.

Deposits received and general banking business transacted.  
Interest allowed on saving and special deposits.  
Drafts sold, available at all points in Canada, United States and England.

ROBT. S. BARROW, Manager

Lowest Possible Prices.

The Model... Grocery Store

Highest Possible Quality.

## GOOD BUSINESS CORNER STONES

Why is it that our business is constantly increasing? Simply because we are building on the good foundation of always keeping faith with our customers and giving first class goods at a uniformly low price—a price that is not down to-day and up to-morrow; a price that the most timid buyer can have the goods for; a price that the most hardened Jew cannot change; a price that brings our customers back again and the number among the best and shrewdest buyers in this country. Are you one of them. If not, why not?

Largest Assortment.

J. A. McLean.

Polite Attention.

## Business Booming

At J. A. Healey & Co's.

## Why?

On account of the values we are giving in Boots and Shoes, Dry Goods, Hardware, Etc.....

A large consignment of dry goods just opened. Splendid values in all staple goods.

## Quick Meal Blue Flame Oil Cook Stoves

The Right Idea for Warm Weather.

Prices and terms at our local agency. Leave orders early.

CURNEY-FOUNDRY COMPANY LIMITED.

Jno. Brass, Agt.

## The Picnic Season...

Has arrived—call and see our lunch baskets.....

Our Stock of Stationery is Now Complete. Full Line of School Supplies.

THE BAZAAR

## The Central Hall

LARGEST AND MOST COMMODIOUS IN MOOSE JAW.

## Centrally Situated

Excellent stage and dressing rooms. Celebrated Bell piano for use of patrons.

TERMS CASH.

Robt. Sadtler, Prop.

## Lumber, Lime, WOOD

Encourage home industry by buying from us.

SCREEN DOORS AND WINDOW SHADERS WITH PATENT FLY ESCAPE.

Flour ..... \$ 2.00  
Graham Flour ..... 2.00  
Wheat Meal ..... 2.00  
Corn Meal ..... 2.00  
Chop per ton \$22.00 to ..... 25.00  
Grinding per cwt. .... 40  
Chopping, 12 1/2 and ..... 10

Shacks extra. Please leave cash with order.

E. Simpson & Co.

WANTED.

Men and women who can work hard talking and writing six hours daily for six days a week and will be content with ten dollars weekly. Address NEW IDEAS CO., Toronto.

## This Week We Will Make a Special Effort in a Few Lines of Seasonable Goods.

Cotton hosiery all sizes; ladies' from 10c. a pair up, heavy ribbed at 15c. and so on up to 50c.....

Ladies' silk, lisle and cotton gloves. Ladies' silk lace mitts, miss' silk gloves in black and colors, children's gloves all sizes.....

Straw hats from 10c. up to \$1.50. See our "straw window." Can fit any size.....

Men's socks in cotton—12 pair good cotton socks for \$1.00, black cotton at 25c., 35c., and 50c., cashmere at 35c., 30c., 35c. and 50c. also all kinds at all prices.....

Ladies' ties—a very nice assortment of all the latest from 10c. up.

Have you seen our assortment of gents' ties? Some of the nicest lines ever shown here—prices low.

Take a look over these lines; a pleasure to show you through.

Ladies' belts, belt buckles and belting, belt pins and blouse sets, cuff buttons, lace pins, and a variety of all fancy notions—get prices.

See our linen hats for ladies—very neat, nobby and not expensive, also nice line of straws.....

Summer corsets at 75c., also a grand line at 50c. per pair—worth 75c. easy—and up to \$1.50 per pair.

We have a nice range of summer vests in grass linen, white pique, white dress negligee, black saten, silk stripes and flannellette shirts.

Did you get a summer coat yet? If not R. & H. have a nice range with very moderate prices.

## ROBINSON AND HAMILTON.

## Manitoba Granite

SUMMERVILLE & CO., of Brandon, Man., the largest and best equipped marble works in the Dominion, are now manufacturing at their own yards, and polishing at their own mills at Brandon the Native Granite of Manitoba. It is a beautiful dark red color, very fine in texture, and takes the highest possible polish.

## A WORD TO THOSE WHO WANT A MONUMENT OR MEMORIAL STONE.

Do not order till you have seen samples of this beautiful granite. It is the purest, hardest, and most durable that is on the market. It is equal in finish and in color to the best Scotch or New Brunswick granite, and fifty per cent cheaper, as we are saving both duty and freight by using home material; and are paying in wages to employees what formerly went out of the country for stock. We are the only producers of this stone. All orders entrusted to us will receive prompt attention; and finished goods to come in the Dominion. Our travellers are now showing designs and samples; We also make Carving Stones of this granite, which are considered by Mr. F. Knight and others of Manitoba's best carvers who have tried them, to be equal to the best Scotch stones.

Travellers.—W. C. Stewart, W. Summerville, D. McIntyre.

## PRETTY SCOTCH WEDDING

The Nuptials of Miss Janet Gilmour and Mr. Andrew Moffatt.

The social event of the season at Buffalo Lake took place Wednesday, July 20, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh C. Gilmour at 10 o'clock, when their daughter, Miss Janet, was united in marriage by Rev. Neil Gilmour, a brother of the bride, assisted by the Rev. J. B. Dobbin, to Mr. Andrew Moffatt, one of the most well-to-do farmers of that prosperous settlement. On the shady side of Mr. Gilmour's grove there was an artificial arch made, under which the marriage ceremony was performed. The bride, who was given away by her father, was attended by Miss Porter, of Stony Beach, and the bridegroom was supported by Mr. John Gilmour, a brother of the bride. The bride was dressed in cream saten, trimmed with silk lace and carried a beautiful bouquet of flowers. The bridesmaid wore cream muslin. After the ceremony the company, numbering about ninety, sat down to a sumptuous wedding dinner under the shade of the grove. Dinner being ended, Mr. C. A. Gass in a suitable manner proposed the health and prosperity of the newly married couple, wishing them a happy and prosperous life and exhorting them to follow the example of their parents. The groom made a suitable reply. The Moose Jaw brass band furnished music during the evening, which was greatly appreciated by the guests. At 11 o'clock the guests returned to the parlor and Misses Dean and Porter rendered several instrumental selections on the piano, after which many a good old Scotch song was sung by some of the Scotch settlers of New Huron. The company broke up with "Auld Lang Syne," every person being well pleased with the evening's enjoyment, and more than ever convinced of the already well known fact that the place to meet Mr. and Mrs. Gilmour is at their home.

The bride was made the recipient of many beautiful and costly presents, of which the following is a partial list:

H. C. Gilmour and wife, piano; Wm. Moffatt, fancy rocking chair; R. L. Slater and wife, silver cake basket; Ah. and Sarah Young, silver pickle cruet; Mrs. Gass, pie knife; Wm. Pascoe and wife, salt and pepper cruet and half doz. spoons; Jas. McCartney and wife, silk mantle scarf; Miss Love and sister, silver butter dish; Dan. Gilmour, egg set; J. G. Gilmour and Wm. Laughton, fruit dish; Fred. Toms, butter dish; Etta Porter, four o'clock tea set; R. McCartney, set knives; Geo. McCartney, set forks; Miss McCartney, set spoons; Etta Pascoe, flour vase; Chas. and Miss Dean, fruit set and butter knife; Mrs. Nicolle, silver souvenir of Winnipeg; John and K. Rouatt, crystal fruit set; Rev. Neil Gilmour, tea set; Wm. Franks, carrying set; J. Moffatt and wife, silver butter dish; Hugh Gilmour, set fruit dishes; R. E. Doran and wife, set dessert spoons; Mrs. Tuxford, doz. table napkins; Miss Coventry, linen table cloth; J. Rouatt and wife, table scarf; Maggie and George Gilmour, table cloth; R. Wilson, crystal water set; Mrs. Jas. Thomson, linen table cloth; H. Thomson and wife, pickle cruet; J. Gilmour and wife, pickle cruet; "Old Tory Gass," wood porridge spoon; Chas. Armstrong and wife, silver and crystal fruit dish; D. McNaughton and wife, set pearl knives and forks; John Gilmour, sugar bowl; Robt. James and Eddie McCartney, silver cream, sugar, and spoon set; J. P. Fowler and wife, toilet set; J. C. Hamilton and wife, fancy clock; J. L. O. de la Hay and A. R. Ross, silver and crystal fruit dish; R. Franks, and wife, parlor lamp.

## Jas. Hawkes Arrested For Horse Stealing.

On Wednesday Jas. Hawkes, of Caron, was arrested on the Soo line, where he was working with H. U. Robinson's fire-guard outfit, by Sergt. De Barra, on information laid by A. H. Powell, for stealing a team of horses. It appears that Powell lost a team last fall, and although diligent search had been made he never recovered them. J. A. McLean's delivery horse bears a marked resemblance to one of the team which he lost, so much so that Powell asked McLean where he got it. McLean told him that he had bought it from Jas. McGillivray, who lives near Pense, and who (he thought) had raised it. Powell did not bother any more about it, but meeting McGillivray in town one day he asked him where he got the horse. McGillivray informed him that he had bought it along with another one, from Jas. Hawkes. This led to the arrest of the latter. He was taken to Regina on Wednesday where he awaits his preliminary trial.

## 18 MILLS ON THE DOLLAR

Is Moose Jaw's Rate For the Current Year—The Bicycle By-Law Passed.

The adjourned meeting of the town council was held on Monday evening, Mayor Boggs presiding and Councillors Herrier, McDonald and Munne being present. The Finance Committee reported that the estimates for the year commencing Oct. 1st, 1898, had passed the committee, and submitted the same for consideration. They found that unexpected expenditures have made the deficit larger than estimated in 1897 statements. They also found that the rapid growth of the town would necessitate a still larger increase. They regretted to notice that the rate of collection from last year's assessment is somewhat small and were of the opinion that 7 3/4 per cent. was a reasonable estimate, and based their calculations on that rate this year. After a careful investigation of the probable receipts and expenditures for the coming year, they recommended that the rate of 18 mills on the dollar be struck on this year's assessment. The committee was pleased to notice the growth of the town and the general prosperity throughout the district, and with such indications of prosperity expenditures may be more than estimated. The Committee also reported that after a careful examination of the Collector's roll, they recommended the payment of \$300.00 to J. W. Ferguson in full as Collector. The report was adopted.

Councillor Herrier's by-law regulating the use of bicycles within the town, was finally passed. It provides that no bicycles shall be ridden on the sidewalks, or at a faster rate than ten miles per hour on the streets; that all bicyclists shall have a bell or signal horn, and sound a warning before meeting or passing pedestrians or vehicles. Penalties are provided for persons infringing upon the provisions of the by-law, and also for parties found guilty of placing racks or other obstructions whereby time may be punctured.

## THE TEACHERS ENGAGED.

Those Who Will Compose the Staff of 1898-99.

At the last meeting of the School Board the engagement of teachers for the next year was taken up and resulted in the re-engagement of Mr. J. H. Wilson, Miss Stevenson and Miss Davidson. Mr. Jas. A. Munroe, of Prince Albert; Miss Grace Smith and Miss Kate Middlemas were appointed to succeed Messrs. Martin and McKee and Miss Burnett respectively, who resigned.

The following is the personnel of the staff with salaries appended:  
A. M. Fenwick, Principal, \$1,200  
J. H. Wilson, Entrance Dept., 750  
J. H. Wilson, Sr. Intermediate, 800  
Miss Grace Smith, Jr. Intermediate, 500  
Miss Kate Middlemas, 1st Primary, 500  
Miss Marion Stevenson, 2nd Primary, 500  
Miss Davidson, 3rd Primary, 600

At the meeting it was also decided to lease the old portion of the school building and Sanders & Hawkins were awarded the contract at \$40.00.

## The Excursion.

The day for the C.P.R. employees' excursion to Indian Head has been definitely decided on for Wednesday, August 1st. The train will leave here at 7 a.m. and arrive at Indian Head at 11:15, returning will leave at 12 o'clock and arrive at 23 o'clock. The committee was unable to get the fair reduced and it will therefore be \$1.75 for the round trip.

## Pioneer.

Pioneer, July 19.—What has become of our correspondent? He has become very quiet since last winter. The crops are looking much refreshed by last night's showers. J. W. Glassford and wife returned on Monday from Winnipeg, where they spent the week at the Exhibition. They were accompanied by a little nephew from Virdon, who will spend his holidays in the Pioneer district. Miss Smith, teacher of the Marlborough school, spent a week as the guest of Mrs. Alex. Wilson. Miss Sadie Maynard, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. J. A. Maharg, for the past two months, returned home to Westview on Sunday. John Glassford, Jr., who has been attending High School for the past year, is home for the holidays. He purposed resuming his studies after the summer vacation. Word has reached us that Wm. Ledingham, a former resident of this district, who now lives in Brandon, has gone east on important business. His Pioneer friends wish him every success and all happiness. WEARY WALKER.



## Manzanillo Bombarded—German Cruiser Irene Fired Upon by the Hugh McCulloch.

SEA FORCES.

It is possible that none of the cavorting will be called upon. The port which the navy is to take in the assault against Porto Rico has been fully matured. The several transports will have with them one or two auxiliary craft carrying strong secondary batteries of six or eight pounders. Secretary Long said today that no time has been fixed for the departure of Admiral Sampson's fleet for the assault on Havana. He would only say that they would co-operate in every way with the movements of the army. The reports that three monitors were on their way from Key West to the island, which the secretary has unauthorized. It is the general understanding, however, that the navy will rely mainly on its gunboats.

The march will end at Havana. He will work as far from his base as possible after his army has been completely defeated, hunting the enemy wherever they are liable to be found.

**BOMBARDMENT OF MANZANILLO.**

Seven U. S. Warships Open Fire on the Town—Gunboats Stranded.

London, July 18.—A special dispatch from Havana, dated Monday, says: "Seven warships heavily bombarded Manzanillo this morning. Three steamers of the Mexico line were set on fire. Several gunboats were stranded on the beach, and were useless for the defence of the town, but were stranded. The result of the bombardment is not yet known here."

**SHAFTER'S ARMY.**

It has been finally decided that none of the troops participating in the actual fighting before Santiago shall be employed on the Porto Rico expedition. There are two reasons for this: First, the men have suffered severely, and are entitled to a rest; secondly, it is a question of honor and practice to allow the soldiers who have been exposed to yellow fever to be brought in contact with those fresh from the United States. There is another reason—there are thousands of Spaniel troops at Holguin, Manzanillo and other points within striking distance of Santiago and might at any time lose the ground lost by the Spaniards. Therefore, if Santiago if the place were left insufficiently protected. Therefore Shafter's entire army is to be kept on hard on the high hills in the rear of the town, and the men who have been in the yellow fever, then they will make a turn at the Spaniards if they can be found and it may be that Shafter

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Word was brought by the Tees, arriving tonight, that the nominations took place on the 15th inst., and the polling will be on August 6th.

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Only the best of everything comes to the man who waits on himself.

**The President's Thanks.**  
Washington, July 16.—The following messages were sent to-day by President McKinley and Secretary Alger: To Gen. Shafter, commanding at the front, near Santiago, Playa: The President of the United States sends you and your brave army the pro-

Friday and excavated the box.

D. B. EATON, Superintendent.

30.02	Valley River	18.28
30.25	Sifton	10.58
30.58	Fork River	9.25
21.35	Winnipegosis	5.43

Write about free homesteads in the Swan river district, just being opened up for settlement, contiguous to the famous Dolphin District.

D. B. EATON, Superintendent.



## THE MOOSE JAW TIMES.

MOOSE JAW, N.W.T.

### Old World News.

London, July 18.—The Statist today thinks the world's wheat crop for 1898 will be 45,000,000 quarters larger than the crop of 1897, reaching about 325,000,000 quarters. Continuing the Statist remarks: "We think America has entered upon a period of great prosperity, which will last for years, if no great folly is committed. We hope the Republicans will have the firmness and patriotism to resist the politicians and refuse to allow unwise currency legislation."

The Spectator is of the opinion that the whole European press, with the Times at its head, is discussing the reasons which make for peace from a mistaken point of view. It adds: "The fact that the longer the war is protracted, the harder the terms, does not appeal to Spain. Spain is not a modern, but a medieval state, supposing the worst, that Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines are lost, and that Cadix and Barcelona are blockaded where in all that series of misfortunes is the ruin for Spain? Her people are dependent upon agriculture and mining, and not upon their trade. Repudiation of the debt would ruin a class, but it would enrich the army, by leaving more for its pay, and it would lighten taxation. The only argument for peace is that the war is a futile one."

Hon. Wm. Mulock, Canada's postmaster general, will attend a meeting of the colonial party at the house of commons on Tuesday next. A vote of thanks for his active work and success in the matter of postal rates will be proposed.

The publication of the Harmsworths now three-penny magazine this week is incidentally causing a revolution among the newsagents and threatens to overthrow the monopoly which is held by Smith & Son, who control nearly all railroad book stalls of the United Kingdom. The Smiths declined to handle the magazine unless the Harmsworths gave them special rates. The Harmsworths refused and other publishers of newspapers who have suffered from the Smiths monopoly are flocking to the Harmsworths standard.

In the meantime the magazine is getting a tremendous advertising and nearly a million copies of it have been sold.

### PRINCE OF CANADA.

Mr. Mulock Congratulated on Securing Penny Postage.

London, July 13.—Montreal Star Cable—Everywhere today, in the press and among the public mind, Canada is heartily congratulated on her successful stand against British officialdom in the matter of imperial penny postage. No secret is made of the fact that the whole scheme would have failed had not Hon. Mr. Mulock strongly supported Rt. Hon. Mr. Chamberlain in the conference, and actually threatened to withdraw unless the post office and treasury officials' obstruction was abandoned. Canada, as a promoter of the empire, is once again on all the maps.

The trade returns are less favorable than they have been for many recent months. While the imports into the United Kingdom from all countries increased 1 1/2 per cent. for the past month, and 5 per cent. for the first six months of the year, the imports from Canada decreased 21 and 5 per cent. respectively. The exports from the United Kingdom to all countries increased 2 per cent. and decreased 4 per cent. respectively, while the exports to Canada increased 1 per cent.

The chief increases in imports from Canada for the six months were: Wheat \$202,000; wheat, flour, \$61,000; bacon, \$146,000; butter \$10,000; fish \$69,000. The chief decreases were: animals \$79,000; hams, \$1,000; cheese \$115,000; wood \$492,000.

### GENERAL NEWS.

An explosion killed fifteen people July 12 at the Ladin and Rand powder mills at Poupont Lake, near Dover, N.J. Several soldiers are among the dead.

Major Comte Ferdinand Walsin Esternazy, the alleged author of the bordereau in the Dreyfus case, has been arrested at Paris. Madame Pays, his mistress, has also been placed under arrest.

A destructive fire started July 12 in the largest general store at Oakland, M.D. The flames are spreading rapidly and half the town is threatened with destruction. Outside assistance has been asked.

The leaders of the rebellion in the West River region are men who recently returned from America. It is believed that the rising is a revival of the Taiping movement, as the rebels carry Taiping banners.

The celebrations of the battle of the Boyne were marked by a renewal of Orange conflicts. At Belfast July 12 the police and military suppressed several attempts at disorders. Many were injured. Similar disturbances took place in Dougal.

Theodore Johnson, a young man, shot his sister, Emma, aged 16, at Appleton, Minn., as a result of a quarrel growing out of uncontrollable temper. The girl was hit in the side, and the bullet entered the lungs. She is probably fatally wounded.

According to a dispatch to the London Times from Wu Chou Fu, the rebellion in that district of China is assuming serious proportions. The cities of Yang Shien, Hoo Lien and Hui Chan have fallen. The Triad society is concerned in the movement. Troops are being forwarded to the scene of the disturbances.

## WINNIPEG MARKETS.

The following review is compiled from the latest and most reliable market reports, and is up to date:

Wheat at Fort William fell from 98 to 91 during the last week, and at Brandon from 91 to 91. Nothing has been done in the provincial markets. Outside markets during the week have been quiet and steady.

Flour—Market is steady at the same quotations as a week ago. We quote: Patent, \$2.50; strong bakers, \$2.35; second bakers, \$2.25; XXX, \$1.25.

Milled—Demand keeps good. Bran, \$11.50; shorts, \$18.50 per ton in bulk; large lots, \$1 per ton less.

Ground Feed—Quoted at \$28 to \$31 per ton as to quality for oats. Ground corn is held at \$18 to \$19 per ton. A mixed corn feed is quoted at \$20 to \$21 per ton.

Corn—Sales have been made at 43¢ on track here, per bu. of 55 lbs.

Barley—Nominal at 45 to 50¢ per bu. of 48 lbs.

Oats—40¢ to 47¢ for cars here, per bushel of 34 pounds.

Butter—Creamery—Market is easier, owing to slow shipping demand for British Columbia points. This week dealers have been paying 15¢ to 16¢ at factories for good fresh goods. Dairy—Market is about the same as a week ago, and values are the same. Buyers have been paying 10¢ to 11¢ at country points for round lots of good fresh dairy, as to quality. The tendency is easier.

Cheese—Fairly steady; 7¢ to factories. Eggs—Steady and firm. Dealers are still paying 11¢ net for receipts.

Dressed Meats—Market holds steady. We quote dressed hogs at 7 1/4 to 7 1/2; beef, 6 1/2 to 7 1/2; mutton, \$2 to \$2 1/2, as to quality; veal, 7¢ to 8¢; lamb, \$2 1/2 to \$3 each.

Poultry—Live fowls, per pair, 10¢ to 12¢; spring chickens, 25¢ to 30¢ per pair; turkeys, 10¢ per lb live weight, or 15¢ per lb dressed.

Fruit—Oranges, Med., sweets, \$3.50 to \$3.75; Valencia, \$1 to \$1.50; lemons, \$2 to \$2.50; bananas, \$2 to \$2.50 per bunch; dates, 7¢ per lb; figs, 10¢ per lb; cooking, 6¢ in 50-lb boxes; coconuts, \$1 per dozen; Taragona almonds, 13¢ per lb; Grenoble walnuts, 11¢ per lb; Sicily filberts, 12¢ per lb; strawberries, \$2.25 per case of 16 quarts; apricots, \$2 to \$2.25; cherries, 10¢ per box; fancy Royal Anns, \$1.50; Black Republics, \$1.25; tomatoes, 4-bu. crates, \$1.50; plums, California, \$2 to \$2.25; peaches, \$1.50 to \$1.75.

Vegetables—Potatoes, 2¢ to 3¢ per bu.; cabbage, 10¢ to 50¢ per doz.; cauliflower, 40¢ to 50¢ per doz. Green stuffs at 12¢ for onions, lettuce and radishes; rutabaga, 10¢ per doz; bunches; carrots and beets, 15¢ per doz bunches; celery, 3¢ to 4¢ per dozen; green peas, 1¢ to 2¢ per lb; cucumbers, 7¢ per dozen; water-melons, \$5.50 to \$6 per dozen.

Hides—Green, No. 1, 7¢; kip, 7 to 7 1/2; calf, 7 to 9¢; deacon skins, 15¢ to 25¢ each; sheep pelts, 50¢ to 85¢, as to size and quantity of wool; horse hides, 75¢ to \$1.75 each; colts, 25¢ each.

Wool—Good to choice unwashed Manitoba fleece, 80¢ to 90¢.

Tallow—No. 1, 3¢; No. 2, 2 1/2¢ to 3¢.

Seneca Root—Nominal, 12¢ to 15¢.

Wood—Tamarac, \$5 to \$5.50; Jack Pine, \$1.25 to \$1.50; oak, \$5.25; poplar, \$5.50 to \$6.

Hay—Now is now offering very freely, and the price has declined to \$5 to \$6 per ton for loose, on the street market. Old hay is preferred for horses, and brings \$10 to \$12 for loose per ton.

Cattle—Grassers, 3¢; stocker cattle are quoted from \$2.75 to \$2.85 per 100 lbs. was paid this week, which shows a lower market for shipment south.

Sheep—Quiet this week at 3 1/2 to 4¢ off cars here.

Hogs—Market steady at 5¢ for the most desirable. Receipts fairly liberal. Choice bacon hogs, weighing 150 to 250 lbs., 5¢ per lb.; 250 to 300 lbs., \$4.25 to \$4.75; heavy hogs, over 300 lbs., \$3 to \$4, as to quality, live weight.

### Chinese Rebellion.

London, July 18.—The parliamentary secretary for the foreign office, Mr. Geo. N. Curzon, replying today in the house of commons to questions on the Chinese situation, said the British consul at Canton reported that 6,000 badly armed rebels had encountered a detachment of imperial troops on July 7 at an unknown place and had afterwards retreated westward with loss. The rebellion, he added, was not yet suppressed and reliable information on the subject could not be obtained.

### Tobacco Heart.

HAVE you been smoking a good deal lately and feel an occasional twinge of pain round your heart? Are you short of breath, nerves unsteady, and sensation of pins and needles going through your arm and fingers? Better take a box or two of Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and get cured before things become too serious. Here's what Mr. John James, of Caledonia, Ont., has to say about them: "I have had serious heart trouble for four years, caused by excessive use of tobacco. At times my heart would beat very rapidly and then seemed to stop beating only to commence again with unnatural rapidity. This unhealthy action of my heart caused shortness of breath, weakness and debility. I tried many medicines and spent a great deal of money but could not get any help. Last November, however, I read of a man, afflicted like myself, being cured by Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I went to Roper's drug store and bought a box. When I had finished taking it I was so much better I bought another box and this completed the cure. My heart has not bothered me since, and I strongly recommend all sufferers from heart and nerve trouble, caused by excessive use of tobacco, to give Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills a fair and faithful trial."

Price 50¢, a box or 3 boxes for \$1.25, all druggists. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

LAXATIVE PILLS cure Constipation, Biliousness and Dyspepsia. Price 25¢.

## FARMERS ORGANIZED.

### ELEVATOR RIGHTS AND UNINCORPORATED SHIPPING FACILITIES.

Meeting Held at the City Hall Decides to Take Aggressive Measures—Strong Resolution for Adoption at a Meeting This Evening.

Winnipeg, Thursday, July 14.

A meeting of representatives of the Central Farmers' Institute, farmers, and independent grain dealers was held this morning in the city council chamber, opening at 8.30 o'clock. The meeting was called to order by Mr. Leech, of Brandon. Mr. Hunter, of Emerson, was called to the chair and Mr. J. W. Knowles, of Emerson, was elected secretary. The chairman called upon Mr. Leech, to explain the object of the gathering.

Representatives of the Central Farmers' Institute, farmers and independent grain dealers in session assembled, agreed as to the elevator question as follows:

Resolved: 1st. That in all matters of commercial interest there should be the most perfect freedom of trade.

2nd. To give any individual, corporate body, or any class of men engaged in business of any kind, privileges whereby they can unduly burden or levy more than a legitimate profit for capital and labor expended upon those doing business with them, is clearly subversive of justice and unconstitutional.

3rd. To further compel a citizen to do business with such individuals or corporate bodies as may avail themselves of the full measure of such privileges, and that without recourse, is injurious to the best interests of the people as a whole, and is insulting to the free spirit of the Canadian people.

4th. And to further allow a corporate body owing its existence to the laws of the people of Canada, to make such unjust regulations as to compel business to be done in a certain way with certain individuals, clearly in violation of the authority and power conferred upon them by the laws of the people of Canada which gave them existence, is intolerable and cannot be permitted to exist any longer.

5th. We hereby declare that the elevator monopoly (made possible by certain regulations enacted by certain railroad corporations in this western country) is clearly a question coming under the complaints above set forth, for the following reasons, which have been abundantly proven to be true: Certain individuals have erected elevators along the lines of different railways in this western country, and (a) have been allowed to make charges, sometimes exorbitant for passing grain through their elevators, without being compelled to guarantee grades or weights of grain handled; (b) Sometimes by reason of the above, the shipper of grain has made heavy losses, which has led to the desire for competition in the way of having grain direct on cars from vehicles through that warehouse, or independent elevators, with the purpose of cheapening the cost of shipping grain and keeping wheat in its original condition as to weight and quality; (c) On account of certain regulations enacted by the railroad companies, elevators having storage capacity of 25,000 bushels known as "standard" elevators, can only be erected, and in addition to this, as a protection promised to the builder of a large elevator certain railroad companies refuse to provide cars, except for such elevators and thus creating a monopoly.

Whereas, the foregoing conditions of trade have arisen out of certain elevator restrictions put into operation by the railway companies which are contrary to the laws of Canada. And, whereas, the farmers and other shippers in this province have submitted to these unjust and illegal regulations since the opening of this province for settlement and in no case have attempted to take legal proceedings for enforcing the legitimate rights in the shipment of their produce; and whereas the railway companies have not shown any inclination up to the present, to remove the regulations complained of, forcing us to the conclusion that as long as we endure these restrictions we will get no relief therefrom.

And, whereas, during the recent session of the Dominion house of commons the C. P. R. made an attempt to place these unjust shipping regulations upon the statute books of this Dominion, thus threatening to take away the very ground upon which one might be able to contest our cause in court.

Therefore it is resolved that a permanent organization be formed for the purpose of securing to the farmers and shippers of grain in this province all the rights and privileges that are legal due to us under the present Canadian laws, and in accordance with shipping conditions which obtain in all other provinces of this Dominion and in nearly every civilized country on this globe.

### Princess Chima Dead.

Paris, July 15.—The Budapest correspondent of the Libre Parole announces the death of Clara L. Ward, the divorced wife of Prince Joseph of Chimay and Carman. The cause of death is said to be milk fever.

### Arrested for Robbery.

Napawee, July 14.—Detective Carpenter and Dougherty, of the Pinkerton detective agency, went to Belleville last night, where they arrested Robert MacKie, son of a well-known hotel keeper there, as being one of the men connected in the case of the Dominion Bank robbery here last fall. They brought MacKie here and have him now lodged in the county jail.

## Kidney Trouble FOR YEARS.

Nothing did Mr. R. E. Pitt any good until he got Doan's Kidney Pills.

Throughout the County of Leeds and the Town of Brockville there is no medicine spoken so highly of for all kinds of Kidney Diseases as Doan's Kidney Pills. As Canada's pioneer kidney pill, introduced by Mr. James Doan, of Kingsville, Ont., in 1885, they stand to-day far superior to all the imitations and substitutes that have been offered the public in their stead.

Mr. R. E. Pitt, the well-known contractor and builder, voices these sentiments when he says, "I have had kidney trouble for years. I had tried numerous remedies without much relief, and had given up my back as gone for good, but since using Doan's Kidney Pills the result has been marvellous! The pain is all gone. I feel like a new man, and can highly testify to the virtues of Doan's Kidney Pills."

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold by all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents a box or 3 boxes for \$1.25. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

### A Carberry Fire.

Fire broke out at three o'clock this morning in a small isolated frame building, situated in the north end, and on the east side of Main street, belonging to H. W. White and occupied by Anderson & Co., dealers in stores and tinware.

The building and contents are a total loss. The stock and tools were insured in the Hartford for \$600. It is impossible just now to ascertain the amount of insurance on the building on account of this being a holiday in the town. The cause of the fire is unknown.

### Summer Resorts Burned.

Georgetown, Que., July 15.—The Hotel Elephants, a summer resort owned by N. A. Beach, the Camperdown hotel opposite, occupied only by the caretaker's family, and several adjoining stores and dwellings were destroyed by fire early this morning. The cause was the explosion of a lamp in the Hotel Elephants. The hotel guests and inmates had a narrow escape, losing nearly all they owned. The total loss is about \$50,000. The building was partially insured.

### Incendiary Projectiles.

Madrid, July 13.—The newspapers here publish a statement to the effect that the Spanish minister of marine has secured "proofs that the Americans used incendiary projectiles, thus explaining the burning of the Spanish ships at Cavite and Santiago de Cuba." Some of the papers urge the government "not to protest to the powers on this subject, but to use the same weapons in Spanish ports against American ships."

Mr. Charles Boyce, editor of the Hansard, died at Ottawa July 18, after a long illness. The final cause of death was heart failure. Boyce for many years ably filled his onerous position, having been appointed in 1871. He was fifty years of age and leaves a large family.

### Seven Years Trial of the Celebrated All-Wool Mica Roofing.

Has established its value for durability above all other kinds of roofing in any climate. A home industry, encourage it. Beware of American patent forgeries, which the first cracks. For samples and testimonials apply to:

W. G. FONSECA, Sole Agent,

705 Main St., Winnipeg.

Some girls admit that engagements are failures, but they have their doubts as to marriages.

DEAR SIR.—Within the past year I know of three fatty tumors on the head having been removed by the application of MINARD'S LINIMENT without any surgical operation, and there is no indication of a return.

CAPT. W. A. PITT,

Clifton, N. B. Gondola Ferry.

Some people owe their goodness to the fact that they have never been tempted.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Rumor is gossip's strong fort and truth is the dynamite gun that reduces it.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

A bicycle puts the person who is learning to ride in touch with the whole earth.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

Some people are disagreeable because they can't attract attention; any other way.

WOODSTOCK, ONT.

F. C. BARTLETT: "Quicker" is well named, as its promptness in action and safety in general, dental and household use, make it highly commendable.


It's a wise man who can appear stupid at times, but some men carry it to excess.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

It is computed that a hundredweight of lead is fired for every man killed in battle.


TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure.

Ours is the Most Satisfying  
Teas in the world. Selected with the greatest care. Packed in sealed lead packages and are guaranteed. All grocers.  
25c, 30c, 40c, 50c and 60c per pound.



**MONSOON**  
INDO-CEYLON TEA

**BOVRIL**  
Is a condensed food, capable of preserving physical strength  
Through Any Physical Strain  
And is equally valuable to those requiring to use  
GREAT MENTAL STRAIN.  
It has no equal for giving  
Strength to the Invalid  
And it will agree with the weakest stomachs. Get it from your druggist or grocer and test its value.



It has been said that hypocrisy is the homage which vice pays to virtue. Such is the case with the host of imitations of

**Richards' Pure Soap**

IT'S THE BEST.

Be sure you get RICHARDS'. Sold by all grocers, or write Dr. Richards, Woodstock, Ontario, giving your full address and I will return you FREE an ILLUSTRATED BOOK.

**BABY'S OWN SOAP**

I Must have the genuine, The imitations look very nice, but they hurt my delicate SKIN.

THE ALBERT TRUST SOAP COV.

A Few Things that should be found in every well regulated household

**DREWRY'S**  
Choice Stock Ale Extra Porter  
Canadian Pilsener Lager (A Fine Light Beer)  
Golden Key Brand Aerated Water  
Imperial Table Sauce Choice Table Relishes  
India Chutney

**E. L. DREWRY**  
Manufacturer and Importer  
WINNIPEG

W. N. U. 176

*"Blue Ribbon" Sailing Powder and Spices*  
*You will find these goods reliable*

**ANTISEPTIC SPRUCE FIBREWARE**

The portable made imperishable. The expense of packing transformed from an obstacle to a profit. These small jells of from 1 to 12 lbs. capacity, being Sterile, Lard, Mince Meat, etc., saved and pure in relative length of time. They resist corrosion and decay, and stand their contents from all contamination. No danger of spill effects, standing time, and price.

Get samples and prices.

**THE E. B. EDDY CO., LIMITED, HULL.**  
TEEN & PERMAN, Agents,  
WINNIPEG, MAN.

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR  
**BOECKH'S**  
BRUSHES and BROOMS.  
For Sale by all Leading Houses.  
CHAS. BOECKH & SONS, Manufacturers,  
TORONTO, ONT.



# THE TIMES

Published Every Friday.  
Grayson Block, Main Street.  
Moose Jaw, N. W. T.

## THE TIMES PRINTING CO.

Thos. Miller, Manager.

Subscription, \$1.50 per year.

### Schedule of Advertising Rates on Application.

Advertisements of Wants, To Let, Lost, Found, etc., when under 1 inch, will be inserted for 50c.; subsequent insertions 25c. each. All transient advertisements, such as Hygiene, Mortgage and Sheriff Sales, Assignments, and also Government and Corporation notices, inserted once for 12c. per line; subsequent insertions 5c.—solid nonpareil measurement.

### JOB PRINTING

Our job department is equipped with every appliance necessary for turning out first class work at shortest notice. Prices moderate.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

"And what is it, write—  
Would it be worth it?" —Byron.

FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1898.

### THE MONOPOLY QUASHED.

Our farmers will read with delight the following important announcement which was issued last Friday by Manager Whyte, of the Western Division of the C.P.R.:

"Commencing with this year's crop the Canadian Pacific Railway company will furnish cars to producers of grain to be loaded direct from wagons or teams, provided there be no unreasonable delay about loading the cars. W. Whyte, Manager."

This is the point the farmers have been fighting for. Had it been conceded last fall, when the elevator men began to bleed their patrons, it would have put a stop to such wholesale robbery and saved the country from a very undesirable advertisement. But now that it has been granted we hope that the necessity for it will cease, and that the farmers will receive such treatment at the hands of the elevator men that loading direct will be found unprofitable.

### ILLUSTRATING STATIONS.

According to statements made by Professor Robertson when in the West last month, it is evident that the Minister of Agriculture has decided to adopt the Professor's plan for establishing stations for illustrating—in a way to reach as nearly as possible every farmer—improved methods and results of experiments in the science of agriculture. The scheme is to establish an illustrating station at every butter factory in the North-West. This will be a small field, not necessarily many acres, which will be utilized to illustrate the growth of different kinds of cereals, roots, etc. Several varieties of wheat in separate strips or patches side by side will be sown. The grain will be sown on the same day and on virtually the same soil so that the progress of growth under the same conditions may be noted. The yield also of each variety may be noted so that farmers will have a real object lesson as to which particular kind of seed grain may be best to choose. The name of each kind of grain will be conspicuously posted up opposite each growing strip or patch and thus the adaptability or suitability of each variety of grain for the particular soil and season can be learned. The same will be done with oats and other cereals.

### THE RIGHT MAN FOR THE RIGHT PLACE.

The Minister of the Interior is being very generally commended from all quarters for his selection of the executive and legislative council,—authorized by the Yukon Act of last session,—which is as follows: Administrator, Wm. Ogilvie; members of council, Judge McGuire, F. C. Wade, Lieut.-Col. Steele, and Jos. E. Girouard. The latter is at present Member of the Quebec Assembly for Arthabasca. McGuire, Wade and Steele are already in the district. Ogilvie and Girouard will leave Ottawa for Dawson at once. Major Walsh will leave Dawson as soon as relieved by Administrator Ogilvie, and Superintendent Steele will become Commissioner of Mounted Police in Yukon District.

Major Walsh is returning to civilization, being anxious to attend to his interests in the east. He never was very anxious for the appointment, but was pressed into it, as his early frontier experience eminently fitted him for the post. But he is to be succeeded by a man who is even better fitted for the

important position, his successor being Mr. Wm. Ogilvie, the pioneer and hero of the Yukon. Mr. Sifton could not have made a better selection. Mr. Ogilvie knows more about the Yukon and the conditions that exist there than any other living being, and his record for integrity is established. The appointment is a credit to the Government, and all the more so because it cannot be charged that it is a political one. The right man has been selected for the right place.

### CANADA'S GROWTH.

The Mail and Empire quotes the following statistics of the growth of the Dominion since Confederation, compiled by Mr. Frank Veigh, as of interest on the thirtieth anniversary of the wedding of the provinces: The Dominion of Canada is thirty years old. The 30th of June ended the first three decades of Confederation.

Canada's area is three and a half million square miles—one-twelfth of the land area of the world. Over a million square miles are yet unexplored. Twenty-eight United Kingdoms and sixteen Germany's could be placed within its boundaries. Excluding Alaska it is larger than the United States. It is nearly double Britain's Indian possessions, and larger than the Australian colonies. It is large enough to provide each member of its population with one and a quarter square miles.

Prince Edward Island is the baby province—2,000 square miles; British Columbia is the largest—382,000 square miles, with a 7,000 mile coast line. Canada has a 13,000 mile coast line.

Canada has a waterway of 2,384 miles from the St. Lawrence to the head of Lake Superior—one of the longest continuous stretches of inland navigation in the world.

Canada has a population of over five millions. Canadians are a home grown people. Four of the five millions (86 per cent.) are Canadian born; half a million (10 per cent.) were born under the British flag; only 157,000 (3 per cent.) were foreign born.

Canada has 100,000 Indians—41,000 Protestants, 42,000 Roman Catholics, 17,000 pagans. 10,000 Indian children are being educated in 285 schools, aided by the Government with \$300,000 a year.

Nearly 2,000,000 (41 per cent.) are Roman Catholics, 785,000 (17 per cent.) Methodists, 750,000 (15 per cent.) Presbyterians, 650,000 (13 per cent.) Church of England.

Canada has one and a quarter million square miles of forest. Her forest production per last census was eighty million. Nearly 75 per cent of British Columbia and 50 per cent of Ontario is woodland.

Canada's agricultural exports have reached \$50,000,000. Cheese alone amounted to nearly \$15,000,000, supplying Great Britain with two-thirds of all the cheese she imports. Canada produced sixty million bushels of wheat in 1897. She has the largest wheat field in the world—900 miles long, 300 miles wide. Acres of land under cultivation in Canada, 28,000,000. Canada produced about fifteen bushels of wheat per acre in 1897. Forty-five per cent of Canadians are engaged in agricultural pursuits. Agricultural exports in 1898, \$20,000,000; in 1897, \$50,000,000.

Canada's fisheries yield her \$20,000,000 a year. They employ 70,000 men. The plant is now worth \$10,000,000. Nova Scotia comes first as a fishery province, New Brunswick second, British Columbia third.

Canada's mines produced \$30,000,000 in 1897, viz.: Gold, \$6,190,000; silver, \$3,332,000; copper, lead, and nickel, about a million and a half each; coal, \$7,285,000 (four million tons). Her coal bearing area is 100,000 square miles. Fifteen thousand miners all told are employed. British Columbia has produced \$60,000,000 of gold in forty years. Nova Scotia's forty mines have produced \$12,000,000.

Canada's Yukon gold fields include an area of 125,000 square miles. The estimated yield for 1898 is from ten to twenty millions.

Canada's total volume of trade has risen from \$131,000,000 in 1867 to \$257,000,000 in 1897. Of this latter sum, \$111,000,000 was transacted with the United States and \$106,000,000 with Great Britain.

Canada's trade is rapidly increasing. The calendar year of 1897 showed an increase of \$52,000,000 of both exports and imports.

Canada's income is about \$37,000,000 a year.

Canada's public debt has increased from \$75,000,000 in 1867 to

## First Class Boots and Shoes. LATEST STYLES FROM JNO. M'PHERSON

### CARS OF GOODS COMING

Best Quality of Paints  
Seed Oats, Garden Seeds  
Cream Separators  
Bluestone  
Good Ontario Green Apples

## R. BOGUE.

nearly \$260,000,000 in 1897, or \$50 a head. Yearly interest on public debt \$10,000,000. Taxation (customs and excise) \$5.42 per head, as compared with \$10.50 of the United Kingdom, and \$14.72 of Australia.

Canada's inter-provincial trade has jumped from \$4,000,000 in 1867 to \$113,000,000.

Canada's railways: In 1868, 2,278 miles; in 1898, 16,000 miles—3,000 more than Australia. There are 141 railways and 81 controlling companies. Paid up capital nearly a billion. Gross earnings \$52,000,000; expenses, \$35,000,000; passenger traffic, \$16,000,000; and freight traffic 25,000,000 tons.

Canada has spent over two hundred millions on railways, contributed from the national exchequer, from provinces and from municipalities.

The Canadian Pacific railway is 6,314 miles, 1,400 longer than the great Siberian railway, as planned, to cost 75 millions. Canada gave the C.P.R. 63 millions.

The Grand Trunk railway is 3,162 miles long; the Government railways aggregate 1,388 miles.

Canada has 72 miles of canals, costing \$83,789,000 for construction, enlargement and maintenance, or over a million a mile.

Canada had 425 light houses and light stations in 1867; it has 1,400 now.

Canada has 29 thousand miles of telegraph line, more than either Italy, Spain or Turkey, and 69 thousand miles of wire.

Canada has a militia force of nearly 40,000, including 700 Mounted Police in the North-West.

Canada's post offices numbered 2,333 in 1867, and 9,191 in 1897. Letters and post cards carried in 1897, 155 millions; papers, packages, etc., 27 millions.

Canada has increased her post office savings banks to 755 in which 120 thousand persons have on deposit 30 millions, and in Government savings banks 18 millions, or 48 millions in all—about \$10 per head.

Canada's chartered banks hold 180 millions on deposit. Bank note circulation has risen from 9 millions in 1867 to 30 millions; bank capital aggregates 61 millions.

Canada's life assurance companies have 460 millions of insurance in force, divided among 31 life companies and ten assessment companies; 25 millions are on deposit with the Government for the protection of policy holders.

Canada has 7,279 registered vessels, with a gross tonnage of 789,299 tons, valued at 25 millions.

Canada stands fourth among the maritime nations in tonnage of shipping owned and registered in the country.

Canada has a high-grade public school system. It has 17 thousand schools with a million pupils. It has 54 universities and colleges, with 11 thousand students enrolled. Seventy per cent of all the people of all ages can read; 80 per cent of all adults can write.

Canada is planning big things for the future; settlement of the great North-West, development of the mineral and other resources, deepening of the canals, improvement of transportation inland and on the oceans, extension of trade with the mother country.

Canada took a step forward and upward in the Jubilee year. She is now the junior member in the well-known firm of John Bull & Co.

Canada has made great strides during her first thirty years of confederation. Who is prophet enough to forecast the next thirty years of progress and prosperity?

The President of France has a salary of \$240,000; the King of Italy receives \$2,000,000; the English royal family is granted about \$3,000,000, of which the Queen has two-thirds and the Prince of Wales \$200,000; the Kaiser has \$4,000,000, besides large revenues from private estates and the pay and perquisites of colonelcies; and the income of the Czar, public and private, is not less than \$12,000,000, and as much more as he may choose to demand.

The announcement has been made that the Imperial Postal conference has adopted the proposal of Canada for a two-cent letter rate for the United Kingdom, Newfoundland, Cape Colony and Natal, but the date for initiating the new rate has not yet been fixed. Mr. Mulock can at least claim credit for this welcome reduction which will be a saving to the letter writing public. Last fall Mr. Mulock suggested a 3 cent rate with Great Britain, as that was the domestic rate. The Imperial Government was not ready for the reduction and the Postal Union would not accede to it without the consent of the third party to the transaction. It was then that Mulock called for a conference and the British Government agreed to the same. Once the conference was conceded Mulock stood out for the penny postage rate, which was really what he wanted in the first place, and now he has succeeded. Australia will, no doubt, soon follow suit, and the penny rate will become universal between Britain and all her colonies.

### Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church.

On Thursday afternoon of last week the Woman's Missionary Society of the Methodist church met to receive the report of their delegate, Mrs. H. U. Morrison, to the annual convention of the Society in Winnipeg last month. A few facts from the report will perhaps be interesting, especially to those who are followers of John Wesley.

The convention opened with devotional exercises followed by the President's address.

## What is Scott's Emulsion?

It is a strengthening food and tonic, remarkable in its flesh-forming properties. It contains Cod-Liver Oil emulsified or partially digested, combined with the well-known and highly prized Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, so that their potency is materially increased.

### What Will It Do?

It will arrest loss of flesh and restore to a normal condition the infant, the child and the adult. It will enrich the blood of the anemic; will stop the cough, heal the irritation of the throat and lungs, and cure incipient consumption. We make this statement because the experience of twenty-five years has proven it in tens of thousands of cases.

Be sure you get SCOTT'S Emulsion, 50c. and \$1.00, all druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

### STRAYED.

Strayed into my herd at Eyebrow Lake one bay and one mouse colored mule, both branded TP on right shoulder. T. FRANKS.

dress, which showed that much good work was being done for the Master, but owing to lack of funds and laborers, a great deal remained undone. The banner for the largest increase during the year was carried off by the Beulah auxiliary, a small country society which had grave difficulties to overcome. The reports from the different auxiliaries showed a marked improvement in the missionary cause. The Secretary's report showed that all the auxiliaries were in advance of last year both as regards funds and enthusiasm. The total number of auxiliaries is 24 with a membership of 440. There are six missionary bands with a membership of 193. The Treasurer's report showed that the total amount raised by the 24 auxiliaries during the year was \$1421.13; and by the mission bands and circles \$270.32, or a total increase over last year of \$270.32. During the convention a large number of sister societies of other denominations sent their greetings by representatives among them being Lady Schultz from the Church of England, who, the report says, devotes her life to the cause of Christ and the betterment of humanity. She paid a touching tribute to John Wesley and showed how great would be the result if all had his noble aim, "The World for Christ." Mr. Elliott, a returned missionary from Japan was introduced to the convention and gave a few words of encouragement, saying that those who supported the cause were doing as noble work as those who labored in the foreign field. The reports from the different mission bands were received and, as previously stated in these columns, the Moose Jaw band carried off the banner. After the work of the convention was over the delegates were addressed by several ministers who were attending Conference.

### NON-SECTARIAN.

Divines All Meet on a Common Level and are of One Accord in Proclaiming the Healing Powers of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder—It Relieves in Thirty Minutes.

"When I know anything is worthy of a recommendation I consider it my duty to tell it." Rev. Jas. Mulock, of Harriburg, Pa., says this of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder after having been cured of a very malignant form of catarrh. He is not the only great divine on this continent who could, and who has preached little sermonettes on the wonderful cures effected by this famed remedy. What names are more familiar to Canadians than the Rt. Rev. A. Sweetman, Lord Bishop of Toronto, and Dr. Langtry, of the Church of England; the Rev. M. J. Fraser, of Knox Presbyterian church, Hamilton, or the noted Methodist preacher-traveller, Dr. W. H. Withrow, of Toronto. All these men have proven what is claimed for Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, and have given their written testimony to it. Sold by W. W. Bole.

### Dr. Agnew's Ointment Cures

Salt Rheum, Eczema, Tetter, Barber's Itch, and all like skin diseases and eruptions. It gives relief in a day. Its cure is legion; its failures few. Years of testing, and grows daily in favor of suffering humanity. Good for baby's skin. Good for young, middle-aged or old folks. 35 cents. Sold by W. W. Bole.

### BUSINESS CARDS.

Under this head Business Cards not exceeding one inch, are sold at 50c. per annum.

W. M. GRAYSON, Barrister, Advocate, Conveyancer, Notary Public, Etc. Office Main St., Moose Jaw, N. W. T. Agents for the Canada Northern Land Company Limited, and the Trustees of Moose Jaw Townsite.

W. J. WILLOUGHBY, B.A., LL.B., Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, Etc. Bellamy Block Moose Jaw Ass.

T. C. JOHNSTON, Barrister, Solicitor, Advocate, Etc. Office: Cor. South Ry. & Ross Sts., Regina.

TURNBULL & McCULLOCH, Office in Bole's Block, cor. Main and River streets.

A. R. TARBELL, M.D., C.M., J. W. McCulloch, M.D.

D. R. F. RICE, D.D.S., M.R.C.D.S., SURGEON DENTIST, Moose Jaw, Ass. Office, Bellamy's Block. Office open July 19th to 22nd and 24th to 25th each month thereafter.

H. McDUGGALL, Registrar, Moose Jaw Ass. District, for Births, Marriages and Deaths.

W. C. LUKK, PHOTOGRAPHER, Open each month from 15th to 18th. Lowest and Best Styles of Work.

O. B. FYER, Auctioneer and Valuer, Manitoba Street, Moose Jaw, Ass.

## House Cleaning

Time is here and if you require any....

KALSOMING, PAPER HANGING OR PAINTING

For anything in this line, if you should consult the undersigned who make it their business and are now prepared to give attention to all work entrusted to them. Good workmanship at moderate charges.

## Sanders & Hawkins

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

### TO RENT!

A large room to let in the McLean Block. Apply to J. J. McLean.

## How's your Heart?


Death is always due to the heart's failure to keep the blood in circulation. Nervousness, debility, weakness, loss of flesh are always due to the same cause. If the heart continually pumps pure, vigorous, vitalized blood into the tissues, daily wasted by work or worry, you can never be sick.

### DR. AGNEW'S HEART CURE

goes to the root of all disease—goes to the heart—strengthens it in 30 minutes, and regulates it—helps it to do its work properly—prevents and cures all heart disorders, nervousness, sleeplessness, female complaints and all other ailments traceable to a weak heart, imperfect circulation, mal-nutrition and poverty of the blood. If you have palpitation—if you have shortness of breath—if you have a weak or irregular pulse—if you have chilly sensations, faint spells, giddiness—if you do not feel as strong and vigorous as you ought—go to your nearest druggist and get a bottle of DR. AGNEW'S HEART CURE. It will strengthen your heart and nerves, give you refreshing sleep, and restore your lost vim, energy and health.

\$1.00 a Bottle or 3 Bottles for \$2.50

SOLD BY W. W. BOLE.



THE FAVORITE WITH YOUNG AND OLD.

## CRUSADER CIGAR

J. RATTAY & CO. MONTREAL



## Church Directory.

### BAPTIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. H. C. Sweet.  
Services—Sunday, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.  
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; B. Y. P. U. Mon-  
day evening at 8 o'clock; Prayer meeting  
Thursday evening at 8 o'clock.  
All are cordially invited.

### PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. J. C. Cameron, B.A.  
Services—Sunday 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.,  
Sunday School 2:30 p.m.; Sunday, Y.P.S.  
C.E. at 8:00; Wednesday, Prayer Meeting,  
8:00.  
Everybody welcome.

### METHODIST CHURCH.

Pastor—Rev. T. Ferrier.  
Weekly Services—Sunday, preaching 11  
a.m. and 7 p.m.; Sunday School 2:30 p.m.;  
E. L. of C. E. Sunday evening at 8 p.m.;  
Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8  
o'clock.  
The public are cordially invited. All  
seats free.

### CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST. (ANGLO-SCOT.)

Incumbent—Rev. Wm. Watson.  
Sunday Services—Holy Eucharist at 8:30  
a.m. Mattins and Sermon, 11 a.m. Holy  
Eucharist every alternate Sunday after Mat-  
tins, Sunday School, 2 p.m. Bible Class  
for Adults, 3 p.m. Evening Song and Sermon,  
at 7 p.m.  
Weekday Services—Friday, Evensong and  
Address, 7:30. Holy Eucharist on Holy  
Days and Saint's Days.  
All seats free. Everybody welcome. Hymns  
Ancient and Modern are used.

## OUR OTTAWA LETTER

### THE REAL MOTIVE OF THE SENATE'S REFUSAL

To Allow Advance of School  
Moneys to Manitoba.—Mr.  
Davlin's United Opposition  
Dealt With.—Ogilvie's Ap-  
pointment—Canada Leads.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

Ottawa, July 15, 1898.—Public at-  
tention has been so much occupied with the  
aggressive antagonism offered by the  
Senate during the past two sessions to  
many important measures initiated by the  
Government, that the public has some-  
what lost sight of the refusal of that ob-  
structive Chamber to pass the bill grant-  
ing \$300,000 of the Manitoba School fund  
to the Provincial Government for present use.  
In the Commons, previously, the  
matter had been thoroughly thrashed out  
and the fact clearly established that the  
money was not Federal property; but be-  
longed beyond question to Manitoba under  
the provisions of the Dominion Lands  
Act, and this is further proved by the fact  
that the Federal Treasury is paying the  
provinces interest thereon. It was also  
specifically stated in the bill that the  
money was to be "used in the support  
and maintenance of public schools," and  
not for any other object, as insinuated by  
Conservative members. In spite of all  
this, and while admitting that the Pro-  
vincial expenditure for educational pur-  
poses was such as to warrant the grant,  
the Opposition persisted in its antagonism  
to the proposal.

### THE REAL MOTIVE.

A fair estimate of the honesty of this  
action may be formed from the explana-  
tion offered by Mons. La Riviere, the  
member for Provencher, when confronted  
by the fact that he had, when a member  
of the Norquay Government, advocated  
the handing over of the entire reserve of  
2,777,900 acres to the province without  
any restriction whatever. With some hesi-  
tation he admitted this, but added, "I  
was then speaking from an entirely pro-  
vincial standpoint, but my position has  
since changed. I have since become a  
member of the Canadian Parliament and  
I must look upon all matters from a



### LAUNCHING THE LIFE-BOAT.

There are greater dangers than those of  
the angry sea. That dread disease—con-  
sumption, kills more men and women in a  
generation than the sea has swallowed up  
since the earliest history of navigation.  
There is a sure and safe life-boot ever  
ready to be launched for men and women  
who suffer from this merciless destroyer.  
It is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery.  
It cures 99 per cent. of all cases of  
consumption, bronchitis, asthma, laryn-  
gitis, weak lungs, spitting of blood and  
throat and nasal troubles. It acts directly  
on the lungs, driving out all impurities and  
the mucous membranes of the lungs, bronchial  
tubes, throat and nasal cavities. It restores  
the lost appetite, makes digestion and the  
assimilation perfect, invigorates the liver,  
and purifies and enriches the blood. It  
fills the blood with the life-giving elements  
of the food that build new and healthy  
tissues. It tests down the lungs off and  
excretes the diseased and half dead tissues  
upon which the germs of consumption  
thrive. It checks the cough and facilitates  
expectoration until the lungs are thor-  
oughly cleared. It is the great blood-  
maker and flesh-builder. Unlike cod liver  
oil, it does not build fatty flesh, but the  
firm, muscular tissue of health. It does  
not make corpulent people more corpulent.  
Thousands have testified to their cure  
under this great medicine after they were  
given up by the doctors, and all hope was  
gone. An honest dealer will not suggest  
some inferior substitute for the sake of a  
little extra selfish profit.

A man or woman who neglects  
constipation suffers from slow  
poisoning. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant  
Pilllets cure constipation. One  
little "Pilllet" is a gentle laxa-  
tive, and two or three mild cathartics.  
All medicine dealers sell them.  
No other pills are "just as good."

Dominion standpoint." A more shallow  
excuse can not imagined nor could  
the Opposition have shown its pur-  
pose more clearly, namely, to embarrass  
and obstruct the Government. The assis-  
tance proposed had been rendered the  
Norquay Government by Sir John Mac-  
donald under similar circumstances, but  
the Conservatives who supported the  
policy then opposed it now. The changes  
at Ottawa and Winnipeg in the meantime  
made all the differences in their eyes. It  
is therefore hard to avoid the conclusion  
that the Opposition was bound to check  
Manitoba, if possible, no matter at what  
cost.

### MANITOBA ALONE RESPONSIBLE.

Manitoba is alone responsible for the  
application of these moneys and she alone  
will suffer if they are recklessly dissipated.  
But even looking at it from the stand-  
point of the strictest business caution,  
the amount asked for was comparatively  
insignificant for only \$4,451 acres have  
been sold out of the 2,777,900 acres; and  
the value of the entire reserve at  
current prices would be somewhere in  
the neighborhood of \$15,000,000 on which  
the annual interest alone would amount  
to \$750,000; but all that was asked for  
was sufficient to meet the necessary cost  
of equipping and providing schools over a  
vast but very sparsely settled territory  
where new schools are required at the  
rate of nearly 100 a year. All this, how-  
ever, had no weight with the Senate.  
Apparently their sole duty was to throw  
out the measure, if happily thereby they  
might distress the Government and em-  
barrass the Provincial administration  
which happens to be of the same political  
stripe. Mr. Hugh John Macdonald has  
declared in a newspaper interview that  
Manitoba would support the Senate.  
Possibly later on that distinguished  
gentleman will realize how very little he  
appreciates popular feeling.

### THE MAN FROM PILE O' BONES.

I notice that Mr. Nicholas Flood Davlin  
is home again from the east and has been  
favoring the Maple Leaf Conservative  
Club of Winnipeg with his views on the  
political situation. According to the  
press reports he made the usual reckless  
charges of corruption and extravagance,  
but failed to tell of the long weary ses-  
sions of the Public Accounts Committee  
when every possible item was scrutinized  
by the Opposition, witnesses brought  
from far and near and investigation had  
into the expenditure of every department,  
but without discovering the slightest evi-  
dence of corruption or mis-use of public  
moneys. There was nothing particularly  
new in his rebash of the history of the  
Yukon Bill, not even the mis-statement  
that an attempt was made to bribe the  
members (by the offer of a double sessional  
allowance) into passing a relief measure.  
This lie originated in the local Con-  
servative paper here, but it remained for  
Mr. Davlin to give it a semblance of re-  
spectability by making it his own. His  
cheap challenge to the Government to  
appeal to the country as against the Sen-  
ate will be taken for what it is worth by  
the intelligent politicians of Manitoba.

### A UNITED (?) OPPOSITION.

Mr. Davlin's earnest protestation that  
the Opposition is still, and ever has been,  
an harmonious whole, united in every  
good work and devoted to their leader,  
and especially his reference to Clarke  
Wallace, must have been reassuring to  
his hearers, if they have seen the follow-  
ing extract from a circular letter issued  
last week by Col. Hughes, M.P., President  
of the Conservative Association of the  
Midland Counties of Ontario:—"Another  
cause for congratulation is the fact that  
"N. Clarke Wallace seems desirous of  
coming back unconditionally into the  
party fold. While the Conservative  
party suffered harm: (1) by his letter  
issued wholesale during the Dominion  
general elections over his signature by  
the Liberals; (2) by his specific person-  
al letters at the same time to a selected  
few in doubtful ridings; (3) by his deal-  
ings with Dr. Beattie, Nesbitt, of  
Toronto, brought out by the Liberals  
against the Conservative candidate in  
Algonia; and (4) by his speaking against  
Conservative candidates in the same  
election; and (5) by his endorsement of  
the subsequent Laurier-Greenway  
school settlement; yet whether or not  
Mr. Wallace comes back because there  
was no place for him in the Govern-  
ment of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, that gentle-  
man finding himself strong enough after  
the elections without Mr. Wallace,  
whose following had not materialized,  
or because Sir Wilfrid Laurier selected  
Mr. Patterson as the Controller of Cu-  
stoms, or because he is sorry for his  
political mis-deeds and is honestly des-  
irous for the future of making his per-  
sonal ambitions secondary to the wel-  
fare of the party and the country; be  
the cause what it may, the party should  
take Mr. Wallace back into the ranks."  
This most pleasant reference by so  
prominent a member of the party must  
be very gratifying to Mr. Clarke Wallace,  
though to the uninitiated, outside of the  
charmed circle, there would appear some  
slight touch of the old flavor which pre-  
vailed the historic "nest of traitors," in-  
cidentally.

### AN UNWORTHY REFERENCE.

The choice epithets applied by Mr.  
Davlin to the members of the Government  
may be passed over, for they carry no  
weight with intelligent electors.  
Proceeding, without regard to his abil-  
ity to produce proof, Mr. Davlin sought to

take advantage of the popular sentiment  
and very proper indignation aroused over  
the Crow's Nest railway scandal to mis-  
represent the facts in that lamentable  
affair. He talked about the failure of  
the Government to bring the guilty party  
to justice, declaring that the "Depart-  
ments are steeped in inefficiency," though  
he knew full well that from the moment  
the allegations of wrong doing on the part  
of the contractors reached the govern-  
ment steps were taken to investigate, that  
one Commission had already reported  
fully thereon and no exception has been  
taken to the thoroughness of its work,  
and that as a result one of the most emi-  
nent criminal lawyers of Canada has been  
charged to complete the investigation on  
the spot. The Premier himself, the Min-  
ister of the Interior, the Minister of Jus-  
tice and the Government as a body are  
publicly pledged, individually and collec-  
tively, to sift this matter to the bottom  
and bring the offenders, be whom they  
may, to justice. Mr. Davlin knew all this  
and it is therefore not easy to find words  
with which to characterize the deliberate  
attempt of a public man to play upon the  
sympathies and credulity of his audience  
in a matter, the very nature of which  
should have removed it from the ques-  
tionable influence of the political arena.  
Perchance some apology is due for oc-  
cupying so much space with the utter-  
ances of this gentleman. Possibly his  
rhetorical effusions carry no more weight  
in his adopted Province than they do  
down here, but as there is, unfortunately,  
considerable likelihood that this is not  
the last time he will offend, it may be  
that a useful purpose will be served by  
giving this much attention to his obser-  
vations.

### MR. OGILVIE'S APPOINTMENT.

The appointment of Wm. Ogilvie in  
succession to Major Walsh as head of the  
Yukon administration has been received  
with an unbroken chorus of approval  
throughout the country. Some there are  
who endeavor to minimize the effect of so  
excellent a selection by impugning the  
motives of the Government and declaring  
that the appointment was forced by the  
alleged wrong-doings of subordinate of-  
ficials. As it happens Mr. Ogilvie was  
chosen some time before any of these  
stories was put into circulation, and how  
much or how little weight they may have  
had with the Government may be judged  
from the fact that prominent among the  
new Administrator's advisors is one man  
at least who was signalled out for attack  
by the inventors of the aforesaid stories.  
This re-organization has evidently been  
conducted on the same principles as all  
previous acts of the Government in the  
same connection, namely, the selection of  
the best available men for the work to be  
entrusted to them.

### BRITISH COLUMBIA IN LINE.

The result of the local elections in  
British Columbia has made it unanimous.  
For the first time since Confederation,  
the entire country from ocean to ocean is  
in the hands of the followers of sound,  
economic, progressive government. While  
old line politics are not closely followed  
in the Pacific Province, still the men who  
will now be entrusted with the guidance  
of its affairs may be relied upon to follow  
more closely than did their predecessors  
the inherent principles of present day  
Liberalism. The future looks very bright  
for British Columbia and in the hands of  
her new governors she may be relied upon  
to make even greater advances in the  
next five years than she did in the past.

### IMPERIAL PENNY POSTAGE.

The official announcement by the Duke  
of Norfolk, the Imperial Postmaster Gen-  
eral, that the proposal of the Dominion  
Government to reduce Imperial postage  
to a penny re one-half ounce has been  
adopted will be hailed with satisfaction  
by all Canadians, irrespective of party.  
It will now be in order for Mr. Foster  
and his followers to apologize to Postmaster  
General Mulock for their unseemingly  
ridicule, and to admit, after all, that he  
knew what he was about when he under-  
took to obtain the boom for the Empire.

### NOTES.

The action of the Government in noti-  
fying the C.P.R. that they will be held  
responsible for the payment of all just  
claims for wages by workmen on the  
Crow's Nest Railway, and that the  
amount of such claims will be withheld  
until the claimants are satisfied, is further  
evidence that justice will be done and the  
wrongs of the injured men redressed.

Once again has nature been prodigal in  
her benefits, and unless exceptionally  
unfavorable conditions arise during the  
next few weeks, the crops, not only  
through the great prairie stretches, but  
in the older provinces of Ontario and  
Quebec, will equal, if the do not exceed  
the harvest of any former year. No won-  
der Canadians believe in their country  
with such present conditions and future  
prospects.

### Dying Man Grasps at a Straw.

"Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart" has  
done so much for me that I feel I owe it  
to suffering humanity to give testimony.  
For years I had smothering spells, pains  
in my left side, and swelled ankles. When  
I took the first dose of Dr. Agnew's  
Heart Cure my friends thought I was  
dying. It gave me almost instant relief  
and six bottles entirely cured me. Mrs.  
F. L. Lundgren, Scranton, Pa. Sold by  
W. W. Bole.

BY RAIL, SEEN LAKE, WAGNORN'S GUIDE

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WEED DESTROYER AND  
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driving horses to hire on rea-  
sonable terms. Draying done  
to all parts of the town. Best  
accommodation for the general  
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Moose Jaw 1st May, 1897.

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A large manufacturer who studies  
the want of the people, and whose  
business depends upon supplying  
those wants, will give better results  
than a tailor whose opportunities  
are limited and trade local.

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our farmers want the best which  
is in the end the cheapest. This we are prepared to give them  
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NE	32	18	25	"
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SE	12	18	26	"
NW	18	16	27	Rented
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NE	28	18	27	Rented
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# THE PORTO RICO EXPEDITION

## Gen. Miles Expects to Land in Porto Rico Immediately.

### The Situation at Santiago de Cuba—The Cuban Blockade—Other War News.

Washington, July 19.—Because of a failure on the part of General Miles to receive the orders the president prepared yesterday to take charge of the military expedition against Porto Rico, that officer did not depart as was expected from Siboney. The mistake was soon corrected this morning and as a result of some short telegraphic correspondence that followed during the day it was gathered at the department that the Yale would start tonight. Contrary to the first intention, and probably without General Miles' seeking, the Yale is to be conveyed by a naval vessel that Admiral Sampson has been instructed to select from among the vessels of his fleet. This may result in delaying General Miles' progress, meanwhile, as none of the vessels of Sampson's fleet are able to keep pace with the Yale. Nevertheless there is no doubt that the general will reach Porto Rico before the detachment of troops from Charleston.

War department officials feel that they are fully justified in their decision to retain practically all of Shafter's army at Santiago by the press reports which reached them today indicating serious friction between the United States troops and Cuban troops growing out of the latter's evasion from Santiago by General Shafter's orders. It is felt now that the garrison originally proposed, two immune regiments, would have been quite insufficient to meet an outside Spanish force that might come from Manzanillo and also to restrain the rapacity of the Cubans. It is realized that the present situation is full of difficulty and the future is dark owing to the position created by the Cubans to ignore or refuse to be bound by the "unwritten" rules of modern warfare. The first symptom of friction has suggested to the officials innumerable difficulties that will arise in the future. Of course it would seem to be only polite now to avoid any open rupture with the Cubans, provided they can be kept in leash, and not involve the United States in the results that would follow the sacking of helpless communities. But it appears for some time to come the United States must maintain there a military government, in order to meet the responsibility which it has assumed to the civilized world.

**THE CUBAN BLOCKADE.**  
The navy department is rapidly moving the large fleet of auxiliary craft, made up of merchant ships, large ocean going yachts, tugs, etc., from Atlantic coast points to Cuban waters, where they will be placed on blockade duty. This releasing the larger ships for more active duty at Porto Rico and the coast of Spain. Three of these smaller craft were sent south today, and more of them will be on the way in a week, stopping only long enough at Norfolk to have their batteries strengthened.

**TRANSPORT OF SPANIARDS.**  
Bids will be opened to-morrow in New York. In the presence of Colonel Hooker, chief of the transportation bureau of the war department, for the conveyance home to Spain of the Spanish army captured by Shafter. Meanwhile, advance of the operation, a bid has come to the department from one of the big foreign steamship lines proposing to carry 18,000 men from Santiago to Cadiz for the lump sum of \$125,000. Any increase or diminution in the number will be charged for in the same proportion. This bid is being held up, subject to the formal opening to-morrow.

**Situation at Santiago.**  
Santiago, July 18, via Kingston, July 19.—Santiago is now a city of silence. The United States flag waves over the military headquarters, on Morro's flagstaff, and the Red Cross emblems are as plentiful as the church spires. Almost the entire population this afternoon is gathered about the wharves, where the Spanish shipping, now prizes of the United States, will soon be augmented by a large fleet of transports flying United States colors. There are few civilians left in the city, but it does not seem to be in a bad plight. Some stores, mostly for the sale of liquors or drugs, are open, but their patrons are few. Beggars are in evidence, the same unfortunate sort which make Havana unpleasant for foreigners. Now and then a man or woman of the better class beg the correspondents for "milk for my little one, in the name of God." At the dock where the Red Cross steamer, State of Texas, is unloading and preparing for a long stay, a guard from the 9th infantry has been mounted, but the soldiers have had little trouble except from the imports of bad boxes, indigenous to that port city. There is no evidence of gloom on the faces of the Spanish men and women. These mercenary people are already laughing, and are pleased at the military and naval show, and at the prospect of getting food other than salt meats. Nearly all the better class of houses are closed. The residents evidently have not yet returned from El Caney and the other suburban places to which they fled on the threat of bombardment by the land and sea forces of the United States. Fifth is noticeable everywhere, and, strange to say, the city is healthy in spite of it. If the city of Santiago is to continue healthy much sanitary work is necessary. Arrangements, therefore, are now under way to remove the most dangerous features and to improve those which tend to purify the city. The harbor of Santiago de Cuba is a very beautiful place, with its high ramparts of mountains, groves of cocoa palms, banana trees and flower-

ing shrubs, pushing down to the very brink of the water. How soon the Spanish troops will be loaded on the transports for shipment to their homes which many of them have not seen for three years or more, cannot be announced at present. But it is understood the delay will be as short as possible. The big government tug Potomac arrived here today from New Orleans. She is provided with modern appliances for wrecking, and, with her vessels sent here for the same purpose, will secure all it is possible to save from the ships which formed Admiral Cervera's squadron. Strenuous efforts to prevent the spread of infectious disease among the victorious United States troops in front of Santiago de Cuba were made as soon as the city surrendered, and for the past thirty-six hours, United States soldiers have been sent as rapidly as possible to the hills north of the city, where they have established new camps. Everything possible is being done to improve the sanitary condition of the camps, especially in case of the troops who are expected to take part in the expedition to Porto Rico. The sanitary regiments from New Orleans and Mobile are expected here daily, and upon their arrival, they will be sent into the city at once and will form the only United States garrison force which will remain there. The physical condition of the United States troops is not considered serious, now that the number of cases of fever is growing less all the time.

**Report from Shafter.**  
Washington, July 19.—The war department at 3 o'clock posted the following: Playa del Este, Headquarters, near Santiago, July 19: To the Adjutant-General, Washington. My ordinance officer reports over 10,000 rifles sent in and about 10,000,000 rounds of ammunition. Send officers and troops to-morrow to receive surrender of interior garrisons. About 2,000 at these places. Will send officers to receive surrender of coast garrisons, Guantanamo, Boleton and Sagua, Paganina. (Signed) W. R. SHAFTER, Major-General.

**War to Continue.**  
Madrid, July 19.—The papers announce that the cabinet council yesterday was occupied with the capitulation of Santiago. Ministers expressed surprise that General Toral had included the whole military division of the province in the surrender and Captain-General Blanco has been asked to send details. When these have been received the question of a court martial of General Toral will be submitted.

El Imparcial learns from several members of the cabinet that in their opinion that for Spain to sue now for peace would be an avowal that she is vanquished. Moreover, they believe that the United States, flattered by the triumph at Santiago, would only consent to peace on unequal terms and that therefore it is preferable to continue the war in the hope of reconquering a portion of the lost territory. As the government makes no secret it can only be supposed, says El Imparcial, "that ministers disagree on the question."

Some papers believe that a reconstruction of the cabinet is imminent. London, July 19.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says: "Senor Sagasta prefers to solicit the assistance of France, but Duke Alcazar, de Rio favors using Germany as the trump card to terminate the war by seeking her action against the United States in the Philippines. Spain naturally wishes to utilize the rivalry between France and Germany to further Spanish interests by retaining the Philippines and avoiding the payment of a war indemnity."

**Irish Local Bill.**  
London, July 15.—The house of commons sat until five o'clock this morning, when it passed the report stage of the Irish local government bill.

**Politics on the Coast.**

Vancouver, B.C., July 15.—There is much speculation in political circles regarding the course that will probably be pursued by Premier Turner in view of the government's defeat. Prominent oppositionists say it is the plain duty of the lieutenant-governor to follow the example of Lord Aberdeen in the Dominion election, and refuse to allow the government to make any appointments or do any new business after it has ceased to command a majority of the legislative assembly. The government organ estimates that Turner will hold on until next session.

The constitutionality of the legislation prohibiting the employment of Chinese in underground coal mines was tested before the court. It was decided affirmatively, and an appeal will be taken to the privy council in England.

F. P. Saunders, a pioneer mining man of Cariboo, and Alberni, Vancouver Island, is dead, aged 64 years.

**Sunderland, Eng., in Flames.**  
London, July 18.—A great fire broke out in Sunderland, at the mouth of the Wear, this evening has already destroyed thirty business buildings in three of the principal streets. The flames are not yet under control. It is estimated that the damage will exceed \$250,000.

# THE DOMINION'S TRADE

## Wonderful Expansion for the Past Year Reported.

Increase of \$14,000,000—Most Satisfactory Showing in the History of the Dominion.

Ottawa, July 15.—The increase in the trade of Canada for the fiscal year, which ended on the 30th of June last, is unprecedented in the history of the country. Last year's trade exceeded that of any other previous year, but the figures for 1898 are still more satisfactory, showing as they do, an increase of \$14,000,000 in aggregate trade as compared with 1897.

The increase in the revenue from the duty collected is over \$2,000,000. The official statement, as prepared by the customs department, only shows an increase of \$1,938,263, but this does not take into account the \$150,000, which has already been received by the department from Yukon, nor the \$75,000 which is on the way to Ottawa. None of the duties collected in Yukon are accounted for and the amount from this source will be about \$250,000.

The increase on the year's imports over that of 1897 is \$19,336,000; while the exports exceeded that of 1897 by \$24,723,000.

The following are the official figures for 1897 and 1898:

	1897.	1898.
The aggregate trade	\$245,297,144	\$289,536,996
Free goods	40,397,062	51,698,125
Increase	1897.	1898.
Dutiable	\$66,220,765	\$74,542,947
Free goods	40,397,062	51,698,125
Coin bullion	4,676,194	4,389,123

Totals.	\$111,294,021	\$130,630,195
	1897.	1898.
Duty collected.	\$19,891,997	\$21,830,260
	1897.	1898.

**Exports.**

Canadian produce	\$119,685,410	\$139,402,279
Foreign produce	10,825,163	14,691,911
Coin and bullion	3,492,550	4,632,611

Totals \$134,003,123 \$158,726,801

The increase in the exports over 1897 is therefore \$24,723,678 and the increase in the imports for the same period is \$19,336,174. The large increase in the duty of \$1,938,263 is all the more satisfactory when the reduced tariff caused by the operation of the preferential tariff is taken into consideration. As already said when the Yukon figures are included the increase in duty will be over two million dollars.

The figures for the month of June compared with the same month in previous years are as follows:

	1897.	1898.
Imports:—		
Dutiable goods.	\$5,342,527	\$5,497,763
Free goods. . . .	3,766,041	6,195,114
Coin and bullion. . . . .	26,971	32,558
Totals. . . . .	\$9,135,549	\$11,725,435

**Exports:**  
Canadian produce \$15,580,378 \$12,504,246  
Foreign 1,676,765 2,472,832  
Coin and bullion 61,695 77,761  
Totals \$17,318,838 \$15,054,839

Although there is a big drop in the exports for the month the increase in the imports has more than made up for this so that the aggregate trade for the month is over that of June, 1897.

**B. C. Election Protest.**

Victoria, July 13.—Protests have been lodged to void the election of Deane in North Yale, Ellison in East Yale, and Kelly in Revelstoke. Bribery and corruption in each case are alleged. The opposition are preparing to make a hard fight for Cassiar, where the election is yet to be held. Messrs. Sword and Brown going up as nominees of the straight opposition party, and D. W. Higgins as an independent.

Dr. Saunders, director of the experimental farm, has just returned from the maritime provinces and reports that the crops everywhere are promising, although later than Ontario and Quebec. Hay is universally heavy and roots and cereals promise well. The apple crop is light.

**REVIEW OF TRADE.**

The Mercantile Agencies Report Canadian Trade Seasonable With Good Prospects.

New York, July 15.—Bradstreet's to-morrow will say of Canadian trade: Canadian trade is of a seasonable volume, Toronto reports a better demand for dry goods and that recent frosts did little damage, except to vegetables. Wool is rather flat, and prices show a declining tendency, as a result of absence of an outlet to us. Cotton and woollen mills are busy and grain stocks are the smallest held in years. Cool weather has interfered slightly with distribution of seasonable goods at Montreal. Teas are firm. Crop prospects are promising and exports of dairy products continue heavy. St. John, N. B. reports lumber shipments heavy while Victoria and Vancouver report a good business doing. Business failures in the Dominion number 28 against 16 last week; 8 in this week a year ago 33 in 1896 and 29 in 1895. Canadian bank clearings aggregate \$27,641,627 a fraction of one per cent. larger than last week and 21 per cent. larger than last year.

New York July 15.—Concerning Canadian trade Dun's review will say tomorrow: Canadian reports for this

week have scarcely any other feature excepting usually good crop prospects and midsummer dullness in trade. At St. John collections are not very good and there is much reneging with prospects for good fall trade. At Halifax collections are dragging. Shoe manufacture is not busy at Quebec but collections are fairly good. Hay crop at Montreal is excellent and wholesale business in goods and groceries is large for the season. Wholesale trade is fairly active at Toronto. Manufacturers are busy, labor is well employed and the yield of spring grain will be unusually large. Hamilton reports harvesting favored by weather and general tone of business is good. Owing to exhibition week at Winnipeg wholesalers report an increased volume in retail trade and money moving rather freely. In wholesale lines trade at Victoria is only fair though some improvement is noticed in retail goods.

**General News.**

Monday, July 18.  
England won the Elcho challenge at Bisley.

The refugees are returning to Santiago.

Admiral Cervera and his officers and men arrived at Annapolis.

The W. C. T. U. council repudiated the Chicago Temple scheme.

General Toral evacuated Santiago and U. S. troops are in possession.

It is reported that Germany will not interfere in the Philippines.

Pare, the Napanee bank robber, confesses, implicating Ponton, the ex-teller.

A British cruiser has sailed for the French coast of Newfoundland and trouble is expected.

An immediate advance of the U. S. army and navy on San Juan de Porto Rico is announced.

Six hundred cases and five deaths from yellow fever are reported from General Shafter's camp.

The total losses of the United States at Santiago were 246 killed, 1,548 wounded, and 84 missing.

**A United States Spy.**

London, July 15.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Gibraltar tells a long story of a pseudo-Mexican who was lionized for six weeks at Madrid and Cadiz, who dined with Admiral Camara, who inspected the fleet and the defenses and in every way won the confidence of the officials, only to disappear the moment a warrant was issued for his arrest. He turned up afterwards in Tangier and confessed to be a correspondent of the Daily News, his name was Fernandez, and he was a captain in the Second Texas Dangers. His Spanish descent, he said, enabled him to deceive all the Spanish while acting as the confidential agent of the United States government.

**Fatal Accidents.**

Toronto, July 13.—At Downsview, a station on the Northern railway, five miles north of Toronto, Jacob Strong, of York township, and two of his daughters, Mrs. Peterborough, of Edgely, and Miss Melinda Jane Strong, were struck by the Muskoka express, which arrives here about 8 p. m. His horses became unmanageable. Strong was between 70 and 80. Mrs. Peterborough was instantly killed. She was thrown with the wagon fifty feet. Mr. Strong's lower jaw, shoulder blade and three ribs were broken. He was brought to Toronto hospital and may recover. The horses were slightly injured. An inquest has been ordered.

Toronto, July 13.—Henry Schamhorn, aged 24 years, was killed at Drayton by being caught in a shaft.

**DOMINION NEWS.**

July 13.—The German Halifax, steamship Sorrento from Hamburg arrived this afternoon. She brought 180 immigrants bound for the Canadian Northwest and Minnesota.

Woodstock, July 13.—At the morning's session the Knights of Pythias grand lodge elected W. H. Murch, St. Thomas, grand chancellor; J. S. MacKay, Woodstock, grand vice-chancellor; W. Haynes, Toronto, grand keeper of records and seals, and J. B. McLeod, Hamilton, grand master of exchequer.

Peterborough, July 13.—Samuel Rothwell, a farmer of Plympton, was killed last night. His team ran away and threw him from the wagon.

**BANK CLEARINGS.**

New York, July 15.—Bank clearings totals at eighty-nine cities as telegraphed to Bradstreet's for the week ended July 14 show total clearances of \$1,204,414,373, an increase of 16.6 per cent. over the corresponding week of last year. Outside of New York city the clearances were \$489,527,293 an increase of 8.8 per cent.

The clearances for the Dominion of Canada were as follows: Montreal, \$14,375,459, increase 25.3; Toronto, \$8,660,164, increase 19.1; Winnipeg, \$1,488,861, increase 18.7; Halifax, \$1,473,553, increase 14.3; Hamilton, \$804,456, increase 27.2; St. John \$841,627, increase 21.4.

**Esterhazy's Arrest.**

Paris, July 13.—The arrest of Major Count Esterhazy, who was charged with being the author of the bordereau in the Dreyfus case and who was acquitted by a court martial, was taken into custody yesterday, is charged with forging a telegram sent to former Col. Picquart, signed "Espérance," which was frequently mentioned during the course of the Zola trial. Col. Picquart has also been arrested and his apartments searched by the police. On July 3rd last, as announced in a dispatch from Paris to the Associated Press, Count Esterhazy named former Col. Picquart, one of the Dreyfus witnesses, in a public street.

# LATE CANADIAN NEWS

## CHAS. ATKINSON FALLS UNDER A MOVING FREIGHT TRAIN.

Goo, Urquhart Suicide—Ex-Treasurer of Colchester North Arrested—Coal Oil Lamp Explosion—Steamship Rate War—Fire at Port Rouge—Fruit Crops suffering for Want of Rain.

James Wagner, of L. Ontario, is dead, the result of a fall from a load of hay.

Geo. Urquhart, a bar tender, committed suicide at Schreiber, Ont., by jumping from a trestle bridge to the rocks to meet below. He was originally from Owen Sound, where his relatives now reside.

The St. Lawrence steamship lines have begun a rate war, and the Richelieu and Ontario Navigation company are fighting the United States line competition. Passenger rates from Kingston and points east to Montreal are cut to 25 cents.

From all parts of Ontario come reports of fruits and crops suffering for want of rain. The weather is dry and intensely hot. Raspberries and other fruits that promised an abundant yield are simply perishing for want of moisture. Pastures everywhere are drying up.

A young lad of 15 years, Chas. Atkinson, of London, attempting to jump from a moving freight train, fell under the wheels, and his left leg was so badly crushed that amputation will be necessary. The little fellow claims he paid the brakeman 25 cents to ride on the train, but the conductor ordered him off.

The store occupied by L. N. Benoit and situated in A. S. Thompson's block, Magog, Que., was badly damaged last night by fire, caused by the explosion of a coal oil lamp. Stock valued at \$3,500 was destroyed. Insured for \$1,500. Thompson's loss on the building was \$2,500.

Chas. E. Weldon, ex-treasurer of the township of Colchester North, is under arrest, charged with the misappropriation of about \$3,000 of the township funds. Weldon resigned the townshipship, which he had held for years, early in the year, after discovering his shortage, and has agreed to make the amount good. However, he failed to do so, hence his arrest.

About 3 o'clock Friday morning fire broke out in John Eldon's premises, No. 242 Jessie avenue, Fort Rouge, Winnipeg, totally destroying the house and contents, and stable adjoining, in which were two cows, which were burned to death. Mr. Eldon had not time to save anything, the fire traveling with great rapidity. He estimates his loss at about \$900. The fire brigade were on hand promptly but the building was completely gutted on their arrival.

**Favored Colonies.**

Ottawa, July 13.—The minister of customs, under the authority of the customs act, has decided that in addition to Great Britain and the British West Indies, the following possessions and colonies are entitled to the preferential rate of duty, which comes into effect on August 1: British India, Ceylon, the Straits Settlements and New South Wales. It has also been determined that manufactured articles to be entitled to the 25 per cent. preference must have labor expended upon them in the country enjoying the preference equal to one-quarter of their value at the time of exportation.

**STREET RAILWAY ACCIDENT.**

A Lady and Child Thrown Out of a Car by a Collision.

An accident occurred on the Main street electric car line, Winnipeg, July 18, which was attended with painful results. A belt line car turned on to Main street from Logan avenue and was closely followed by a motor car belonging to the Main street division. The former car with its trailer stopped opposite Report street, the car following crashing into the rear with such force that a little child was thrown out on to the pavement. Mrs. Glenwright, mother of Chief Conductor Glenwright, in attempting to catch the child was herself thrown to the ground and sustained sprains in both ankles. She was carried into Paiford's drug store where medical assistance was at once secured, and at first it was feared that the lady had broken her leg. Mrs. Glenwright was removed to her home shortly afterwards and was doing well last evening, but suffering great pain from the sprains, which are of a very severe nature. The accident is attributed to the fact that a watering cart had just crossed the street, making the car rails so slippery that a short stop was rendered impossible.

**Two Men Killed.**

Blenheim, Ont., July 15.—A terrible boiler explosion took place shortly after seven this morning at Sydenham, a short distance from Coatsworth station on the Lake Erie and Detroit River railway, two men being killed and several others badly wounded. Sydenham is a small place with two stove mills and a lumber yard.

The names of the killed are James Bain, a mill hand, and John Samba, foreman. Charles Betts, the proprietor of the mill in which the explosion took place, was fatally injured.

**Toronto News.**

Toronto, July 15.—These writs have been issued against Mr. John Edmunds, a local preacher of Woodburn, on behalf of Mrs. Benner and her daughter, Miss Annie Benner, of Woodburn. Slander and libel are alleged.

The grand lodge of Free Masons of Canada, in the province of Ontario, will hold their annual meeting in this city, beginning on Wednesday next.

# Brief News Items.

Tuesday, July 19.

Seven U. S. warships bombarded Manzanillo.

A fire at Sunderland, Eng., destroyed \$250,000 worth of property.

Aguinado's agents are urging Agosti to surrender Manila.

Ottawa will vote on the question of Sunday street cars.

Pare, the Napanee bank robber, has made a full confession.

Shafter's army will remain on the hills surrounding Santiago.

It is reported that Camara's fleet will attack the U. S. Atlantic coast cities.

United States will maintain the Spanish customs tariff for Santiago.

Preparations for the sailing of Vazquez's squadron for Spain are being hastened.

General Miles has invited for Porto Rico, which is to be invaded by a large United States army.

It is reported from Manila that the U. S. gunboat McCulloch fired upon the German cruiser Isonoe.

The election in Cassiar, B. C., will give Premier Turner nineteen seats, a tie with the opposition.

The Spaniards have burned two lighthouses on the coast of Cuba and spiked the guns at Guantanamo.

**The Penwell Strike.**

Pana, Ill., July 18.—The attempt to resume operations today by the Penwell Mining company with an union miners was a complete failure. Not a miner appeared for work. The Penwell promises and the streets leading thereto were crowded with several hundred union miners and their wives. Deputies and police tried vainly to disperse the crowds. A large number of arrests were made. A second attempt will be made tomorrow to operate the property by patrolling the streets and entrances to the mine and conveying non-union miners to the work in carriages. Serious trouble is expected.

**PRINCE OF WALES HURT.**

His Royal Highness Fractured His Knee-Cap in a Fall.

London, July 18.—The newspapers are creating a great deal of talk over the mishaps, more amusing than serious, which have befallen the Prince of Wales. On Sunday the prince slipped on a stair and sprained his knee. While being conveyed to the railroad station today in a chair, the latter broke and his highness received a shaking up, but no injury.

A bulletin issued tonight at Marlborough House, the London residence of the Prince of Wales, says the prince has fractured his left knee cap.

**A LAPSE OF MEMORY.**

The Chairman Was Doing Famously Till He Tripped Himself Up.

"We are going to win this fight," exclaimed the chairman of the meeting that had been called to take action in the matter of raising funds for a greengrocers' bill for the Company K. "We shall drive the Spaniards out of the fair land of Cuba."

"Our war is one of humanity. We have taken the sword at the behest of the highest motives that can actuate mankind, and our justification may be left to posterity. But while we thus go to war for a lofty principle and without hope of territorial aggrandizement or material reward we cannot forget that there rests upon us the stern duty of dealing out a righteous retribution."

"Aye, my countrymen. 'Free Cuba' is our watchword, but amid the smoke of battle our glorious banner, waving in the breeze, shall bear aloft upon its folds, emblazoned in letters of living light, the thrilling motto, 'Remember the—remember the—the—say, Pearson,' he whispered, turning to the secretary of the meeting, 'what the Sun Hill was the name of that ship the Spaniards blew up?'"—Chicago Tribune.

**Unseen.**



He—I always keep my gloves on when I go to bed. I find it keeps my hands soft.

She—Do you keep your hat on too?—July.

**Fatal Explosion.**

Buffalo, N. Y., July 14.—By the explosion of a boiler in the Niagara Switch Works at 3 o'clock today, the building was wrecked, six persons killed, twenty-six injured, and two others are missing, who are supposed to have perished. The cause which led to the explosion of the boiler will never be known. The engineers and firemen, who were both killed, were the only persons who could have possessed any knowledge on the subject. Of the five regular boilers and a fragment would be found tonight.



**Serious Trouble.**  
St. John's, Nfld., July 18.—The British cruiser Cordelia, Commodore Bourke, will sail from here tomorrow for the French shore to settle a series of disputes between the owners of British and French lobster factories. A number of British settlers have had their huts torn down by the crews of warships for illicitly packing lobsters. These persons have invaded French locations and taken the Frenchmen's traps. Serious trouble is imminent.

About 4,000,000 copies of the Bible are sold every year. Fifty years ago the sale was 600,000.

**U. S. Commissioners.**  
Washington, July 18.—The president has appointed the following commissioners to meet a similar commission on the part of Great Britain and Canada for the purpose of adjusting the relations between the United States and Canada: Senator Charles W. Fairbanks, of Indiana; Senator George Gray, of Delaware; Representative Nelson Dingley, of Maine; Hon. John A. Kasson, of Iowa, and Hon. John W. Foster, of the District of Columbia.

**Steamer Burned.**  
Norfolk, Va., July 18.—The steamer Northampton was burned at 4.15 this morning at the old Dominion pier. How the fire originated is a mystery. There were a number of narrow escapes by employees asleep on board. Everything on board was lost. The Northampton was towed to Berkeley Flats and beached. She was built in 1880 and valued at \$25,000.

**Princess Chimay.**  
Budapest, July 18.—There is no truth in the announcement telegraphed to Paris by the correspondent here of a messenger of that city that Clara L. Ward, formerly of Detroit, Mich., the divorced wife of Prince Joseph of Chimay and Caraman, is dead. She is in this city and is in good health.

**Fatal Accident.**  
London, July 18.—Employees of the G. T. R. shops had an excursion to Niagara Falls on Saturday. One of the party, Matthew Craig, jumped off the train at Paris while the cars were in motion, and sustained fatal injuries. Mr. Craig came from Bradford, to work and left the train at Paris with a view of changing cars for Bradford, where his parents reside.

**Skagway News.**  
Vancouver, July 18.—Further news from the north by the Turtar says the whole of Skagway city council, with the exception of the chairman, had resigned in order to have a new election, as several members were connected with the Scary Smith crowd. When the Turtar left the town was orderly and under control of a strong posse of citizens police armed with Winchester. Capt. Valenman, of the United States military, stationed near Skagway, has withdrawn his men. The citizens said they could look after the city themselves. He states that if necessary he will return and take charge, close the saloons and make a clean sweep of all that ilk.

**Swindler Escapes.**  
Stony City, Ia., July 13.—C. J. Mott and C. Brown, had preliminary examinations at Stony City, Iowa, today for alleged attempts at gold brick swindles. This evening Mott was held and Brown discharged. The federal authorities were ready to re-arrest Brown for misuse of the mails and Canadian authorities were on hand to take him for gold brick frauds in Ontario. Before they could seize him his attorney rushed him from the court room into a carriage and away across country at a gallop. The whole section is being scoured for him. He claims to be from Chicago, and is said to be the most dangerous gold brick man in the country.

**Extensive Irrigation.**  
Lethbridge, Alta., July 14.—The Alberta Irrigation company begins immediately upon the largest system of irrigation works attempted in Canada. It will be supervised by the Anderson, of Denver, Col., one of the ablest hydrographic engineers in America. This system will embrace an immense district of excellent lands and which required water only.

**The Tearing Editors.**  
Victoria, July 13.—Members of the Minnesota State Press association arrived here at midnight yesterday, and have spent today visiting points of interest in the city, the naval yards, and fleets in the harbor, attracting the most attention. The city gave them a good reception, and the visitors expressed themselves as delighted. They leave tomorrow morning for Seattle.

**Arkansas Lynching.**  
Little Rock, Ark., July 15.—A double lynching, in which Jim Reed and Alex. Johnson, two negroes, were the victims, occurred at Monticello, Ark., yesterday. A mob broke down the doors of the jail and poured a volley of shot into the cage where the men were confined. Johnson is dead and Reed mortally wounded. They were convicted of killing W. F. Skipper, a rich planter and merchant of Baxter, and were sentenced to hang.

**Charge Against a Judge.**  
London, July 13.—W. H. Bertram, a London lawyer, has sworn out an information in the police court against Mr. Edward Elliott, junior judge of the Middlesex county. The complaint is that the judge at the sittings for the hearing of a judgment summons at the court house, London, on July 6, 1898, did without lawful excuse disobey an act of the legislature by wilfully and unlawfully omitting to act as presiding judge.

**A YEAR AGO.**  
A year ago we walked the woods,  
The lanes were white with blackthorn bloom,  
The hedges sweet with may.  
We trod the happy woodland ways,  
Where sunset lights began to glow,  
The slender hazel stems streamed clear  
And turned to gold the green.  
Thrushes sang through the cool green arch  
Where clouds of windflowers grew.  
That beauty all was lost to me  
For lack of love to you.  
And you, too, missed the peace which might  
Have been, yet that might not be,  
From too much doubt and fear of fate  
And too much love of me.  
This year, O love, no thing is changed!  
As bright a sunset glows,  
Again we walk the wild wet woods,  
Again the bluebell blows.  
But still our drifted spirits fall  
Spring's happiness to touch,  
For now you do not care for me,  
And I love you too much!  
—D. Nesbit in Good Words.

## THE MEPHISTO CAP.

"Oh, yes; and I forgot to tell you. You know, your old flame is to be married in May?"  
"Is she? Which?"  
"You had a good many, hadn't you?"  
"Let me see. Madeline Kearney. Oh, you tell me, sister. I too tried to guess. That railroad has shaken me all to pieces in the last hundred miles."  
"Well, then, if you're too tired to exert your mind, Edna Barson."  
"Oh, and she married?"  
"Bob Bristol, of all men. Old enough to be her father, isn't he?"  
"Cortell had been away five years in the west and had just made a long journey in order to spend two or three weeks at home with his mother and sister. He had come back, it seemed to him, much more than five years older than he was when he left. There was upon him now the steady pressure of large responsibilities, for he was very near to being the head of a large business enterprise. All that he saw—even the faces of his mother and sister—seemed to him to be different. He had been away from his eyes full upon those scenes and those faces, and he found himself as he stretched at full length on the lounge wondering how he could ever have been so frivolous and so joyously careless of consequences in everything as he had been in the days that now seemed to him to belong to the dim distance of history."  
"So women can forget sometimes, you see," his sister was continuing her talk.  
"Bob's thoughts were wandering back to the past. Presently he exclaimed somewhat suddenly: 'By Jingo, Clara, I believe I have something to tell you. When do you say Edna is to be married? May?'  
"Middle of May, I believe."  
"And this is the middle of April. By Jingo! I wonder whether I ought to take it to her or send it?"  
"That's your second 'by jingo' in one minute. Send what? Wedding present?"  
"Eh? Yes, of course, I must send a wedding present. I knew Bristol quite well. He's an older man than I am, isn't he?"  
That evening Calvin Cortell unpacked a big leather trunk in the privacy of his own room. He took out a tin box that looked as if it had been designed originally to hold cash. He unlocked that box and took out package after package of carefully tied up papers—receipts, canceled notes, memoranda of many kinds. Under all these was a leather case, decorated with his mother. Last of all, under the case, in some tissue paper, were a pair of much faded kid gloves.

Cortell took out the tissue paper package, replaced the daguerotype, the various bundles of memoranda, canceled receipts and other business documents, locked the tin box and sat down to think.  
He laid the faded gloves on the little writing table before him, drew up a chair, resting his elbows on the table and supported his chin on his hands. As he laid out of the discolored gloves came to his nostrils a smile, half of amusement, half of tenderness, played over his face.  
"But the question is, how the deuce am I to do it?" he said aloud to himself after some minutes of this brooding.  
The smile on his face grew more and more tender. Presently he sighed, and then he spoke again to himself: "That has nothing to do with you, old man. That was long ago. You've got it to do."  
Edna Barson certainly had been a little disconcerted when the news came to her that her sweetheart of five years before had suddenly made his appearance in the town just at the time when her engagement to Bristol had been made public. She was not vividly conscious of any feeling for Calvin Cortell that could have been construed as disloyalty to her fiancé, but she knew only too well how recklessly tongues will wag in a small town, where each man's or woman's business is the business of all, and, considering many things, Cortell's sudden appearance just then, after a continuous absence of five years, might very plausibly be made to bear a significance that would disturb the smooth current of her engagement. There had been rumors that Mrs. and Miss Cortell would, some time or other, go west to make their home with Calvin, but no one had expected to see him back in his former home.

Edna sat before the fire two days after Calvin Cortell's arrival, and was meditating over these things when Cortell himself entered. She was looking for a visit not from him, but from Bob Bristol. Nevertheless she found little or no difficulty in meeting him with conversational ease.  
At first, that is. Her old friend or sweetheart, lost but little time in coming to the particular business of his call, and it certainly startled her a little when he said, "I am very glad to find you alone."  
"Glad," she said. "Oh, yes, it is nice to have a little chat. Tell me about your life out there?"  
"I can tell you about that at some other time," said Cortell. "Just at present I have to discharge a duty. Oh, yes, it wouldn't be right at all to leave you without like it if I were in Bristol's place."  
"Like what?" said the girl.  
"This"—and he took a tissue paper package from his pocket.  
When she saw the old gloves lying there with the marks of wear of many years ago upon them, and also marked with the folds of many other—labeled—years of careful keeping, a whole procession of memories passed before her mind. She was silent for some moments.  
"What ought I to do with them?" she asked.  
"I don't know. At least the whole affair was excessively silly. It was thoroughly in keeping with the rest that now this young woman on the eve of marriage with another man—a marriage into which no

one had forced her—should be looking with a look of pitiful appeal in her eyes and with tears at a man who had flirted with her five years before. Still, silly as it was, it was so.  
Cortell on his part looked extremely uncomfortable. He may have been wishing that he had sent the old gloves by mail or by messenger. But then, again, he may not have been altogether sorry to see that appealing look and those swimming eyes.  
"I don't know," he stammered. "Perhaps I ought not to have brought them. But I don't see why not. I don't see how I could have kept them, could I?"  
"You might have burned them, mightn't you?" Edna said, with a rather mischievous smile.

"So I might," Cortell answered quickly. "I give you my word, Miss Barson, I beg you to believe me—I never thought of that."

The manifest sincerity with which this was said and the ingenious blush that accompanied the explanation were irresistible. Edna Barson burst into a hearty laugh, which Cortell was not long in taking up.  
But at that moment the street door was opened and then the door of the library, where these two stood laughing over an old pair of gloves, and the servant girl, in her directed and distinctive manner, pronounced, "Mr. Bristol."

There was nothing really embarrassing in the situation. The embarrassment was only apparent. The event might have been different if all the persons concerned had looked at the case as it should have been looked at, but while the girl, with characteristic candor, saw only the reality, Cortell was, for some reason, impressed chiefly by the appearance. Bristol, perhaps naturally, reflected only Cortell's view.

He at once walked to the table and, lifting the gloves, said, with eyebrows raised: "A present? Won't you let me into your joke?"  
"How are you, Bristol?" Cortell said, holding out his hand. "I hope you haven't forgotten me."  
The worst of it was Edna was still laughing, and there were the gloves. Bristol could not stand that. The situation demanded a display of quiet dignity.

"I remember you perfectly, Mr. Cortell," he said, bowing slightly. "May I ask again what amuses you so much?"  
Edna became serious in a moment, and as she became serious she became angry.

"It isn't very much of a joke, Mr. Bristol," she said. "If you insist on having it, however, Mr. Cortell has just found an old pair of gloves of mine and has brought them to me because it didn't occur to him to put them in the fire. Isn't it funny?"  
"I hardly think so," Bristol answered. "Perhaps I might appreciate the joke better if I knew where Mr. Cortell found those gloves."

As Cortell opened his mouth to make some answer to him Edna, putting up her hand, said: "This is my business. I'm afraid you will not have an opportunity of fully appreciating the joke, Mr. Bristol, until you manage to get yourself into a better humor for that sort of thing."

She very carefully folded up the gloves and laid them behind the clock on the mantelpiece, while Cortell stood at her arm and Bristol stood biting his lower lip.  
Then there was an awkward pause for some moments until Cortell said something about going.

"Why, I've hardly had ten words with you yet, Mr. Cortell," Edna said, with a wicked glance at the other man. "Please don't go yet. Perhaps—perhaps I may find something of interest to show you if you'll wait a little longer."

"Then perhaps I had better call at some other time," Bristol said.  
It was a very awkward situation indeed. Bristol could not stay after this last observation of his, and Cortell could not run away after Edna's pressing invitation.

Half an hour later Cortell said: "What did you mean by saying that you might find something interesting to show me?"  
"Did I?" said Edna. "Do you hold me to it? It occurred to me suddenly. Wait here."

She ran out of the room and after a little while came back holding something behind her.  
"Do you recognize this?" and she suddenly produced an old faded red velvet smoking cap. It was a mephisto, with sides pulled down and an absurd brush at one side.

"By Jingo," Cortell exclaimed. "When did you find that old cap, Miss Barson?"  
"About a week ago," Edna said, looking a little confused. "I didn't know you were coming home, then."  
"Jack stole my cap, didn't he?"  
"Yes. You had to go home bareheaded."  
"And you would pull off your gloves and try to force them on his head?"  
"And you wouldn't give them back to me. I made Jack give me your cap to keep in pledge of my gloves."  
"Of course you were going to send it to me?"  
"Of course I was."

"By the way, didn't it occur to you to burn it?"  
Then both burst out laughing once more.  
As for the story that Bristol and Cortell had high words after that and that mutual friends with difficulty prevented them from fighting a duel, the news was anything in it. Bristol was a sensible man at bottom, even though inebriated at times. He made some sort of apology to Edna Barson for his exhibition of temper.

## ART NEEDLEWORK.

A SIMPLE BUT EFFECTIVE DESIGN FOR HOUSEHOLD DECORATORS.

How a Plain Wooden Bedstead May Be Transformed Into a Distinguished Article—One Fashion in Which Embroidery Is Now Much Employed.

If there is one device in particular of which decorative workers seem never to tire, it is that in which the pomegranate, more or less conventionalized,



EMBROIDERED DRAPERY AND SPREAD, plays the principal part. The fruit has from very early days been a favorite for textiles and embroidery, symbolizing as it does royalty, dominion and power in general. The design is such that it can be used as a powdering or repeated to form one continuous border of any length required.

Various objects suggest themselves as suitable for this kind of decoration, and diagonal cloth, serge, linen or satin sheeting may be the material adopted, according to the purpose to be served. The pomegranate affords a valuable pattern on a bed hanging, especially if it takes the form of that shown in the cut. Here the curtain has a broad band across the top, a narrow one running down the sides, and the powderings sprinkled in the usual formal way over the rest of the material. For this a flat lath should be provided and run through a hem at the top. Three or four rings at the back of this firm mount will enable the hanging to be attached to the wall at the back of the bedstead at any height desired and permit of its being easily lifted off the nails or hooks and shaken out of doors when cleaning becomes necessary.

The bedspread should match the curtain, but here the broad border should be carried all round the edges. The narrow one might well be taken round the quilt, about eight or ten inches inside the other, and the powdering sprinkled over the portion thus inclosed. The pomegranate pattern may easily be adapted to the coverings of chairs, settees and couches, while for a mantelpiece decoration, with or without the addition of drapery, it would be extremely happy.

It is very much the fashion just now to erect a long, straight shelf above the mantelpiece, over a dwarf bookcase or cabinet or at the back of a sofa. This is often mounted with a broad piece of embroidery above it, and here again pomegranate designs would be most appropriate. They would show to the best effect if arranged about a foot or even more above the shelf, the intervening space being filled in with the powdering and finished with the narrow band up the sides. The main part of the embroidery would not detract from the effect of anything placed on the shelf, as it might do were it stretched directly above.

For a shelf of a class similar to that in the last sketch satin sheeting would be suitable, with the design carried out in crewels, heightened here and there



SHELF WITH EMBROIDERY AT THE BACK, in effect by a judicious mixture of silk. For a mantelpiece or portiere or for furniture the border works out well with crewels.

The scheme of coloring may be according to one's fancy, but an effective one employs five shades of green, five of brownish red and two of golden brown. The leaves will look well even if very simply shaded. The fruit should be carried out with the darkest shade of red, and in long and short stitch, following the curves as nearly as possible.

**Color In Dress.**  
A hint comes from Paris which the woman with a superfluity of flesh will do well to consider. It is that in gowns of certain colors flesh seems to shrink, in others to expand. A subdued shade of peacock blue, plum color and olive green, with black, of course, are announced as the colors under which flesh seems least ostentatious, while wedged wood blue, pale gray and almost any shade of red are to be avoided as unsightly. In the way of trimmings and light tints, orange, yellow, light blue and cerise should not be used. Mauve and the higher tints of green are the two colors that in decoration about the throat and shoulders are especially helpful in diminishing the effect of flesh.

## JOHN ARTHUR'S WARD; OR, THE DETECTIVE'S DAUGHTER.

BY THE AUTHOR OF  
"A WOMAN'S CRIME," "THE MISSING DIAMOND,"  
ETC., ETC.

Old Hagar now placed in Madeline's hands the package, which was found to contain her mother's most valuable jewels, and the tear stained journal, which the girl wanted herself to peruse, with sorrowful eyes.

The last page being turned, and the sad life of her mother fully revealed, Madeline bowed her head and wept bitterly, heedless of the attempt of old Hagar to comfort her, until the name of her step-father upon the old woman's lips brought tears to her feet, the tears still on her cheeks, but her eyes flashing, and on her countenance a look that might have been a revelation to John Arthur had that gentleman been there to see. Taking the old woman's hand and holding it tightly in her own the girl said:

"Thanks, auntie, for recalling me. I have no time for tears now. Listen and don't interrupt me. My poor mother died with a heart filled with fears for my future, left to that man's keeping. At the time of her death, he believed himself her unconditional heir. She feared for her life, and she was right, for she was so weakly, and I fully believe that, in intent, if not in deed, John Arthur is my mother's murderer."

The old woman's face expressed as plainly as words could do, that she shared in this belief. The girl went on, in the same rapid, firm tone.  
"He killed the mother for gold, and now he would sell her child. He will fail; and this is but the beginning. As he drove my mother into her grave, I will hunt him into his! He shall suffer all that she suffered, and more! I know where you obtained your independence now, Aunt Hagar, and he hates you doubly because my mother's love provided for you a home, and for her child a haven in time of need. It was well. Keep the old cottage open for me, Aunt Hagar. Keep an eye on John Arthur, for my sake. Never fear for me, what ever happens. Expect to hear from me at any time, to see me at any moment. Don't answer any questions about me. A thousand thanks for all your love and kindness, auntie, good-by."

Before the old woman could recover from her astonishment, or utter a word, Madeline had kissed her, swiftly taken up the precious package, and was gone! Hagar hastened to the door, but the girl was speeding swiftly down the path, and was quickly lost to view.

"Oh! Oh! Oh!" moaned Hagar, seating herself in the doorway, "her father's passion and her mother's pride! Sorrow and trouble before her, and she all alone, dark, dark, dark the world against her! Sorrow and trouble—it's in the blood! And she'll never give it up! She'll fight her wrongs to the bitter end. Oh, my precious girl, and she hurried her head in her apron and wept."

The sun's last ray had faded from the highest hill-top. The little birds had folded their wings, and hushed their warblings. Dark clouds came sweeping up from the west, and one heavy and black, passed above the roof of Oakley, bent down, and rested there. Hagar, still sorrowing in the doorway, saw and interpreted. Dark days to come to the master of that overshadowed house. Dreary days and bitter nights—ah, how many, before that cloud should be lifted from his path, or light hearts beat beneath its roof?

"I beg pardon, madame, you appear in trouble; perhaps I intrude?"  
It was Lucian Davlin's soft, lazy voice, and that disagreeable half smile lurked about the corners of his eyes and mouth.

"I've had more welcome visitors," said the old woman, with more truth than politeness, and rubbing her eyes with the corner of her apron, "what do you want?"  
"Only a small matter of information, which I believe you can give me."

"Well," said Hagar, testily. "I want to make a few inquiries about Mr. Arthur, if you please."

"About Miss Madeline, I suppose you mean. I won't tell you a word."  
"My dear, good woman, I don't ask nor wish any information regarding that young lady—my inquiries solely concern the father. He is said to be wealthy?"  
"What is John Arthur or his money to you?" she questioned, frowning him with much disfavour.

"Nothing whatever," he indifferently replied. "I merely inquire on behalf of a friend."

"I'll throw him off the coast if he does mean Madeline," thought the old woman.

"Well, Mr. whatever your name is, if it will satisfy your friend to know that Mr. John Arthur is master of Oakley and everybody knows there is no finer property in the state, and that he has a yearly income of ten thousand or more, why, tell him for me. And you may as well stay, at the same time, that he is too stingy, and mean to keep the one in repair or spend decently the other. And when he dies—here she suddenly checked herself—"well when he dies his heirs, whoever they may be, will inherit all the money he has."

"And who, pray, may be his heirs?"  
"How should I know who the stingy old reprobate will choose to inherit after him? I think he has a sister somewhere, but I don't know."

"I'm thank you—for my friend. Good-night!"  
Smiling that same Mephistophelian smile, Lucian Davlin sauntered away, apparently satisfied with himself and what was passing in his mind.

"He'll do," he muttered; "and she'll do him. It will be a good thing for her, just now, and very convenient for me in the long run. Cora's a magnificent fine woman, but little Madeline is drawn as a rose, and a few months of the city will make her sharp enough. Only let me keep them apart; that's all!" Satisfaction beamed in his eye and smiled on his lip. "Pretty Madeline will be the envy of half the bonny world."

Now he has heard the trying tone. "I think I'll just smoke here, and wait for my pretty bird; this is the place and almost the time."

He smoked and he waited, the same came, and passed, his cigar expired; the shadows deepened and still he waited. And he waited in vain, for no figure came advanced through the gathering night, no sweet voice greeted him.

The time was far past now, and, muttering an oath, the disappointed lover strode away, and was lost in the night. Madeline was standing in her own room, the threshold of which John Arthur had never crossed since the day when a silent form was borne from it, and laid in that peaceful home, the churchyard. She had just received the summons, for which only she fingered—the command of Mr. Arthur to attend at the altar of hospitality, and pour for Mr. Amos Adams, the tea.

She was attired in a neat dark garment which was easily becoming. She had made her toilet with more than usual care, as if, perhaps, to do honor to her ancient ancestor—at least so thought Mr. Arthur when she presented herself before him.

She had put her cherished treasures in a little, a very little, travelling bag. And now she threw across her arm a large cloak, took her hat, veil, and bag, and descended softly to the hall below. It was faintly lighted from the lower end, and Madeline deposited her belongings in a darkened alcove near a door, peeped out into the night that had come on cloudy and starless, and entered the room where waited the two conspirators, and supper.

John Arthur was more bland and smiling than Madeline had ever before known him, while as for old Amos, he was seated lost himself in a maze of grins and chuckles, but displayed a very unbecomingly attentive and divided his attention evenly between the beautiful face of Madeline and the brands on the table.

Madeline betrayed no sign of surprise at her step-father's unbecoming smile, and no annoyance at the ogling and chuckling of her antiquated ancestor. In truth, she favored him with more than one expressive smile, the meaning of which he little guessed, as she contrasted him once more with his handsome London Davlin, and smiled again at the picture of his coming defeat.

The meal was partaken of in comparative silence, all apparently well satisfied with their own thoughts—ah, how different! It was not until old Amos, the servant, had been dismissed, that Mr. Arthur drew his chair a trifle nearer to his friend, and, leaning his arms upon the table, looked across at Madeline, and said:

"My dear, I believe you are aware of the honor this gentleman desires to confer upon you? I think I have hinted at the truth upon one or two occasions."

Madeline raised her too expressive eyes behind their long lashes, but made no reply.  
"It is my desire," he continued, surveying with satisfaction the appearance of humility with which his words were received, "and the desire of Mr. Adams as well, that we should secure a satisfactory understanding to-night. We will therefore, settle the preliminaries at once—this is your desire, I think, Mr. Adams?"

"Oh, certainly! Oh, yes, yes," ejaculated old Amos in a convulsion of grins. "And this will, I trust, be the greatest thing more stately and polite every moment—this, of course, is satisfactory to you, Miss Madeline?"

"Perfectly," she looked him full in the face now, and emotion on her gloomy visage imparted his feeling of dignity and security.

"Very good, and now having formally accepted the proffered hand of Mr. Adams—"

"Pardon me, sir, you are too fast. Mr. Adams has not offered himself."  
"Nonsense," Mr. Arthur would not permit his politeness—"haven't I just stated his offer?"

Madeline leaned back in her chair, and looked from one to the other with a tranquil smile.  
"Perhaps, but unfortunately there is a law in existence which prohibits a man from marrying his grandchild, and I believe, as a young woman's exposing her step-father, however much abused, and as you can't marry me, my dear parent and grandchild, I choose to listening to a proposal from Mr. Arthur."

"The father grand in many instances, but upon the girl's still smiling face, but before the impatient words that he would have uttered could find voice, old Amos, who had interrupted her earlier as being favorable to himself, came gallantly to the rescue.

**To Be Continued.**  
Why She Won the Cake.  
Miss Green—Lily White says she does win that cake by having not more than one foot on de do' all de time she was walking.

Miss Black—Holt! Her wasn't room for bobs of 'em—Hippopotamus Journal.





# Avoid... Infection

## Decomposition

takes place very rapidly in such weather as we have had the past two weeks. Your health and that of your family demands the use of some powerful disinfectant and de-odorant such as Carbolic Powder, Carbolic Acid, Chloride of Lime or Copperas.

## Seasonable

Lime Juice, Root Beer,—non-alcoholic—a 25c. bottle makes 5 gallons of a cool refreshing beverage.

## W. W. BOLE.

Balance of baby carriages at cost.

## The Moose Jaw Times.

FRIDAY, JULY 22, 1898.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Miss Winnie Ostrander returned home this week from Winnipeg.

J. A. Healey left yesterday morning on a business trip to Medicine Hat.

Land inspector Rodgers is paying his official visit to this district this week.

Conductor Dan Morrison and wife returned from the Coast Monday evening.

H. U. Borison's fire guard outfit has reached North Portal and is now on the home stretch.

Mrs. Walter Scott, of Regina, arrived yesterday morning and is the guest of Mrs. W. W. Bole.

Engineer McNeil with 585 and Conductor McIntosh are now in charge of the Parkbeg work train.

The prohibition convention to have been held at Regina on the 19th inst., has been postponed to 11th August.

Mrs. McLeod returned home Tuesday afternoon from Lethbridge after spending a few weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Allison.

The North-West Assembly will meet about the first week in August. Their heaviest work will be the consolidation of the Ordinances.

Owing to the rush to the Winnipeg Industrial, the Pacific express arrived in two sections on the 17th and 19th inst., doubling with 107 at this point.

Punctuality is nowhere more appreciated than in a newspaper office, but the trouble is some of our subscribers do not "catch on." Are you one of them?

W. H. McBeth, of Robinson & Hamilton's, and Thos. Healey, proprietor of the Klondyke supply store, represented Moose Jaw at the Brandon fair, which was held this week.

N. F. Davin, M. P., reached Regina on Saturday, accompanied by Mrs. Davin. On the night of July 28th, the young Conservatives will tender him a formal welcome when their usual supper will be held.

Wellington White will have 100,000 brick ready for use at the beginning of next week. He has received a number of orders from the out side but at present he is unable to fill them as the local demand has not yet been satisfied.

Since last issue two more of our readers have followed in the footsteps of Mr. Dan Gilmour and paid their subscriptions in advance to 1900. They are Messrs. Geo. Tuxford and Phineas Lowe. Quite a number are "second best" and have now opposite their name, "July 1898."

Two very distressing accidents occurred in Regina district last week. A son of J. W. Smith fell off a building and besides breaking his arm was badly shaken up, and out on the Wascana a son of Mr. Mullen's was drowned while bathing, he walking into a hole in the river and sinking immediately.

Rev. Wm. Watson, late Incumbent of St. John's, who left for Winnipeg last Friday, en route to St. Vincent, received word that the parish rectory there will not be ready for some time, and requests us to state that he will remain in Winnipeg until Aug. 7. Had he known in time he would have remained in Moose Jaw and accepted many of the kind invitations proffered them. Last Sunday Mr. Watson took the services and preached in All Saints' church in the morning and at Christ's church in the evening, and will be similarly engaged during his stay in Winnipeg.

Large quantities of new hay have already arrived in town.

Mrs. W. W. Bole returned home Sunday morning from Regina.

Supt. Constantine, N. W. M. P., has arrived at Seattle from Dawson City.

W. N. Mitchell, merchant tailor, left on Tuesday on his annual tour of the western towns.

Mrs. Thos. Wright, wife of Engineer Wright, of Ft. William, is in town this week visiting friends.

Supt. Milestone's private car No 27 has returned from Winnipeg after undergoing a complete renovation.

His Lordship Mr. Justice Richardson passed through Monday evening en route home to Regina from Seattle.

The Orange celebrations at Caron and Lewis' Grove were both very successful, but the excessive heat was very oppressive.

Money talks! How does this suit you? Patent flour, \$2.65; Strong Baker's, \$2.55; shorts, \$1.00; bran, 80 cents. To be had only at J. A. McLean's.

Mrs. Jas. Brass arrived from Slocan City on Tuesday afternoon, after a year and a half's absence, and will spend a month or so with her many friends at this place.

MacLeod Gazette: The Moose Jaw Times has completed its third year of publication and appears in a new dress of type, and otherwise greatly improved in appearance.

G. B. Wallace, who left for British Columbia at the time of the Kootenay boom, was a passenger on Monday afternoon's train from the west, en route to Moosomin, where he has secured a situation on the Massey-Harris staff.

Mrs. Mannahan, who has been the guest of Mrs. Geo. Hyslop for a couple of weeks, returned home to Fort William on Monday evening. While here she was taken seriously ill and her husband arrived Saturday and accompanied her home.

J. G. Turfiff, ex-member of the North-West Assembly, will shortly be appointed Dominion Lands Commissioner, a position vacant since the death of A. M. Burgess. Mr. Turfiff possesses an intimate knowledge of the country and its requirements and should make an efficient officer.

A. K. Jackson, of Toronto, general manager of the Canadian Mutual Loan and Investment Co., for which C. A. W. Stunt is the local agent, spent Tuesday and Wednesday in town. He is paying a long deferred visit to the different agencies through the company's territory, which extends from ocean to ocean. The Canadian Mutual is largely interested in the West, and the general manager reports the business at all the agencies in a very satisfactory condition. This is especially true of Moose Jaw, where they have \$42,000 invested in good properties.

The remarks of commendation passed by those who have called upon us during the past two weeks have been most encouraging. All liked our "new dress" and were not forgetful to tell us of it either, while "We would feel lost without THE TIMES." "It's all right." "I like it." "It's the local paper and should be encouraged." "A great improvement." "We get other papers, but we read THE TIMES first." "Nicely got up." "Very attractive." "We wouldn't be without it." are among the encomiums bestowed upon us as we were writing out the receipt for the year's subscription.

In reporting the baseball match at Medicine Hat last week, The News says that our boys "played a better game in the field than did the home team," and adds: "The visitors showed what was evidently the results of considerable practice, and they had a smart little man in the catcher's box. In the return match, which will be played about 1st Sept., the Medicine Hat club will no doubt be in better shape and make a better showing for themselves. There are a great many people in town who take a keen interest in sport, although not regular participants, and it is needless to say that they look to the boys to get down to regular and hard practice for a few weeks and get themselves into shape to capture the cup at the Moose Jaw tournament. We have right material and practice is seemingly the only thing required."

LOWE.—On Wednesday, July 20th, 1898, to the wife of Phineas Lowe—a daughter.

A PURE GRAPE CRACK OF TARTAR POWDER

**DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER**

Awarded Highest Honors, World's Fair Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

Mrs. Withrow returned home yesterday morning.

The wife and family of Harry Crapper of Regina, arrived last Sunday morning on a visit to her parents and friends.

Fred. Emerson Brooks, the noted California poet-humorist, passed through on Monday on his concert tour of Canada. Mr. Brooks is the author of "Marching Through Georgia."

The Minnesota press excursionists, 180 in number, passed through here on their return trip from the Coast last Sunday morning. A party of Wisconsin editors will pass through next week.

Mrs. Jas. Miller returns home to Regina this afternoon after spending a couple of weeks as the guest of Moose Jaw friends. Mrs. R. H. Lowe, wife of Roadmaster Lowe, accompanies her and will visit the Capital for a fortnight.

H. Whitmore, of the C.P.R. freight department, left on Monday afternoon for England to visit friends at Wigton, Cumberland. During his absence his position will be filled by Wm. Thirlwall, who is succeeded by A. J. Smith.

Next Sabbath the Presbyterian church will be re-opened. Rev. Dr. Robertson, Superintendent of North-West missions, will conduct the services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School will also be held in the church as formerly.

Wm. Somerville, of Somerville & Co., Brandon, was in town this week, erecting several monuments in the Moose Jaw cemetery, among them being one for Mrs. Wm. Spanghton, Chas. Sharpe and Jennie Luella McLean.

Bulletin No. 1, issued by J. H. Ross, Territorial Commissioner of Agriculture, has been received and contains much useful information regarding "Noxious Weeds and How to Destroy Them." Every farmer should have one.

Fireman Horton is building a comfortable frame residence on Fairford street, and Wm. Hannah is putting a foundation under his house and otherwise improving his property on Manitoba street. The list of improvements and buildings is still being added to.

Four Indians named Moses were arrested at Huron Bay, near Port Arthur, on Tuesday, charged with having committed eight murders during the last four years. The Indians were secured at the payment of treaty money to their band.

Sam. MacLeod, of Prince Albert, passed through last Saturday evening returning from his trip to the Coast with his two brothers. They were all fairly captivated by the mountain scenery and had "walked, talked, eaten and slept on grandeur."

The Edmonton Bulletin says that Insp. Snyder and party have returned from a trip over the new trail from Edmonton to Lesser Slave Lake, leaving on July 7th. On the way he met J. H. Ross and M. McCauley on Tuesday (July 12) at Deep Creek, about half way to Slave Lake. They had been three days out and would need about four days more to get through.

The second shipment of creamery butter from this station this season was made last Saturday, when 3,000 lbs was sent to Calgary for the Klondyke trade. The first shipment was made about a month ago, when 2,000 lbs was sent, which was afterwards disposed of to the N. W. M. P. The butter is packed in two and five pound tin pails and put up in one-dozen cases. This plan has been adopted to enable the Territorial creameries to cater to this trade.

Free Press: After the consecration of the pretty little church dedicated in the name of the Holy Trinity, at Hyde, Assa., on Thursday last, His Lordship assembled the clergy present and announced that he had formed within the diocese an archdeaconry to be known as the archdeaconry of Assiniboia, and that he had appointed thereto the Rev. J. P. Sargent, vicar of St. Paul's Pro-cathedral, Qu'Appelle Station. His Lordship also announced that he had divided the diocese into three rural deaneries and appointed to the office of rural deans, Rev. W. E. Brown, rector of St. Paul's Regina; Rev. W. Nicolls, vicar of St. Barnaba's, Medicine Hat; and Rev. T. G. Beal, vicar of St. Michael's, and All Angels, Grenfell. The appointment of Rev. G. N. Dobie, Vicar of St. John's, Indian Head, as one of His Lordship's chaplains was also announced.

Some of those who called this week did not understand our reference to the "parable of the farmer who sold his wheat." It appeared in these columns last March, but in case there should be others who find themselves in the same difficulty, we gladly publish it again in order to relieve the strain. It is as follows: "A farmer had a dream. He dreamed he had a thousand bushels of wheat, and was happy over the fact. Then he dreamed he had sold it for a dollar a bushel, and his happiness was great. But he dreamed now that he had sold it to a thousand different people, a bushel to each one, and nobody had paid him, and he was sad. When he awoke it was broad daylight, and leaping out of bed he exclaimed to his wife: 'Rebecca, I had a solemn dream and I know the meaning of it. I'm going off to town to pay the editor for the paper.'" Go thou and do likewise.

Engine No. 90, which went through the bridge at Forres last April, causing the death of Engineer Baker and Fireman Smyth, arrived from the Winnipeg shops Sunday evening and is again on duty after being thoroughly repaired.

Mr. K. P. McCaskill, formerly of this place, but now of the Canadian Secret Service, was a passenger on Tuesday morning's train en route to Vancouver on official business. "Pete" had a warm handshake with many old friends at the depot before the train pulled out, and on his return in the course of a few days he will likely remain over for a short visit.

Station Agent Goudie informs us that he sold sixty-five tickets to the Winnipeg Industrial last week. This is probably the largest number on record. Last week we missed several from the list of those who attended, among them being Mrs. R. H. W. Holt, J. W. Glasford and wife, G. K. Smith, and J. H. Wilcox. Nearly all have returned home.

The conference between the C. P. R. management and the representatives of the Telegraphers, which took place at Winnipeg last week, was very fruitful and resulted in the Company granting an increase in wages and allowing extra for overtime. Besides these concessions, despatchers are allowed three weeks' holidays each year with full pay, and agents after two years' service are allowed two weeks.

A letter has been received from Geo. Tuxford, who left for the Klondyke in company with his brother, Allan, and Jas. Thompson, on May 24th last. The letter was dated June 15th, and left them in good health and making fair progress to the Klondyke. They were driving their stock through the Chilcot Pass. A couple of oxen had got discouraged and turned back, but Allan went after them and was expected to join the party the next day.

## Heavy Sentence.

Judge Wetmore gave judgment at Moosomin on Tuesday in the case of McLeod vs. Meek (Grenfell) awarding plaintiff \$4,000 damages for injuries sustained by the shooting. Meek had already served a year's sentence imposed on the criminal charge. McLeod is a brother to Mrs. (Rev.) J. C. Cameron.

## METEOROLOGICAL.

Thermometrical Observations for Week Ending Thursday, July 21st.

Friday.....	Max. 92	Min. 59
Saturday.....	94	53
Sunday.....	74	63
Monday.....	56	30
Tuesday.....	52	45
Wednesday.....	69	40
Thursday.....	67	48

Rainfall 0.660 inches.

C. A. W. STUNT, Observer.

## New Dwelling

## House for sale

Any one desiring a first class and commodious dwelling house will do well to consult me before building or buying, as I am now building a handsome residence on Main Street, which I will hold for a buyer. Easy terms and moderate cost.

Contractor and Builder.

## Apprentice Wanted.

Wanted immediately an apprentice to learn the art of printing. A good opening for a bright boy. Apply at this office

## FOR SALE.

One team of heavy three-year-old geldings (well broke), and a second hand Bradford mower and hay rake in good working order, for sale. A splendid opportunity to get good outfit. Apply to F. J. WALSH, Moose Jaw, Assa. 3-5p.

## \$10.00 REWARD!

Strayed from my premises on the evening of the 12th July, a bright bay horse, five years old, branded heart over two circles on left hip, left with harness and rope; when last seen was going south-west. The above reward will be given to any party returning the same. R. BEARD, Moose Jaw. 2tf

## Impounded.

Impounded on July 14th, 1898, 1 black gelding about 2 or three years old, white face, three white feet, branded P on left shoulder; 1 bright bay mare, about 2 years old, white face, two white hind feet, branded P on left shoulder; 1 dark bay gelding 2 or 3 years old, white star on forehead, 3 white feet, branded P on left shoulder. The brands are not very distinct. If not claimed will be dealt with according to law. J. G. BEEBLEY, Poundkeeper, Marlborough, Nov. 22, Tp. 18, Rg. 27. 3-5.

## STRAYED.

Strayed from my ranch at Eye Brow Lake about two months ago one bay team of five-year-old horses. One has four white feet to knees, spot on forehead. The other has a few white hairs on one hind foot. Both have bell brand on right side of neck and both are mane docked. Information thankfully received. Any person returning them to the ranch or leaving them in Moose Jaw will be suitably rewarded. D. A. J. ROSS, Moose Jaw, Assa. 52tf.

# GREAT BARGAIN SALE



Being desirous of reducing our stock as low as possible before moving into our new store, and in order to make room for new stock coming in, for the remainder of this month and during the month of August we purpose selling goods at prices never known in the West.

We have now on our centre tables 300 men's suits of the highest class and most perfect fitting clothing in imported serges, worsteds and tweeds out at the following Men's English, black, regular price \$14; men's Scotch price \$15, reduced to \$9—just a wool Canadian tweed to \$12, to clear at \$7 wool tweed, a nice ar price \$7.50 now suits at \$2.90. We of boys' and youths' clear at correspond have to-day opened men's clothing in Nor Scotch tweeds, serg which we can say, the nobbiest range ever shown west of on hand a large line coats which we boug ables us to sell at We will close out the balance of our summer coats, vests and straw hats at cost. Don't miss this great sale as we may never again be able to offer such values.



M. J. MacLEOD.

The Up-to-Date Clothier and Farnisher....

## Iron Beds!

A Large Consignment just arrived

THEY'RE NEAT, NOBBY AND SUBSTANTIAL.

Call and inspect our stock of furniture....

## JNO. BELLAMY

A good corner lot, 50x125 feet, on Main Street for sale.

## SEVEN YEARS.

It is now seven years since we opened business in Moose Jaw, and this year our stock is larger than ever. Our watches, clocks, jewellery, silver and flatware are all of high quality. We have also added a line of high grade spectacles. We guarantee perfect fit.

REPAIRING.—We make a specialty of repairing high grade watches and jewellery. Having had sixteen years' experience at bench work, we will guarantee thorough satisfaction.

## J. U. MUNNS.

## Under New MANAGEMENT

The undersigned wishes to announce that he has purchased the livery stable on River Street and is now conducting a first class livery, feed and sale stable. Good driving horses and handsome new buggies, single and double, to hire. Draying to all parts of the town. Terms reasonable. Patronage solicited.

## Henry Bates.

Annab's old stand.

WAGGON'S GUIDE A PRICES LISTED IN THE WAGGON'S GUIDE 50c

## NORTH-WEST LIME

has no equal being stronger and superior in every respect to any other lime.

## WE HAVE IT NEWLY BURNT

and the great demand for it is the best proof of its merits. Buy from us and save excessive freight rates. Our prices are right.

## JAS. McCLELLAND,

Plaster and Ornament

## WOOL WANTED.

The Qu'Appelle Felt and Boot Co., Limited,

Will pay the best market price for Sheep Pelts and Wool, short preferred. Correspondence solicited. Address, Qu'Appelle Station.

## BRITISH COLUMBIA FRESH FRUIT

Having again secured the agency for the British Columbia Fruit Exchange I am now in a position to supply the trade with all kinds of fresh fruit at wholesale prices. Order at once and secure your fruit direct from the orchards.

## Thomas Healey.

## GIRL WANTED.

Wanted at once a good general servant; wages \$15 per month. Apply to Geo. McWilliams, Hairbride (Box 104), or to Mrs. T. E. McWilliams, Moose Jaw. 3-5.